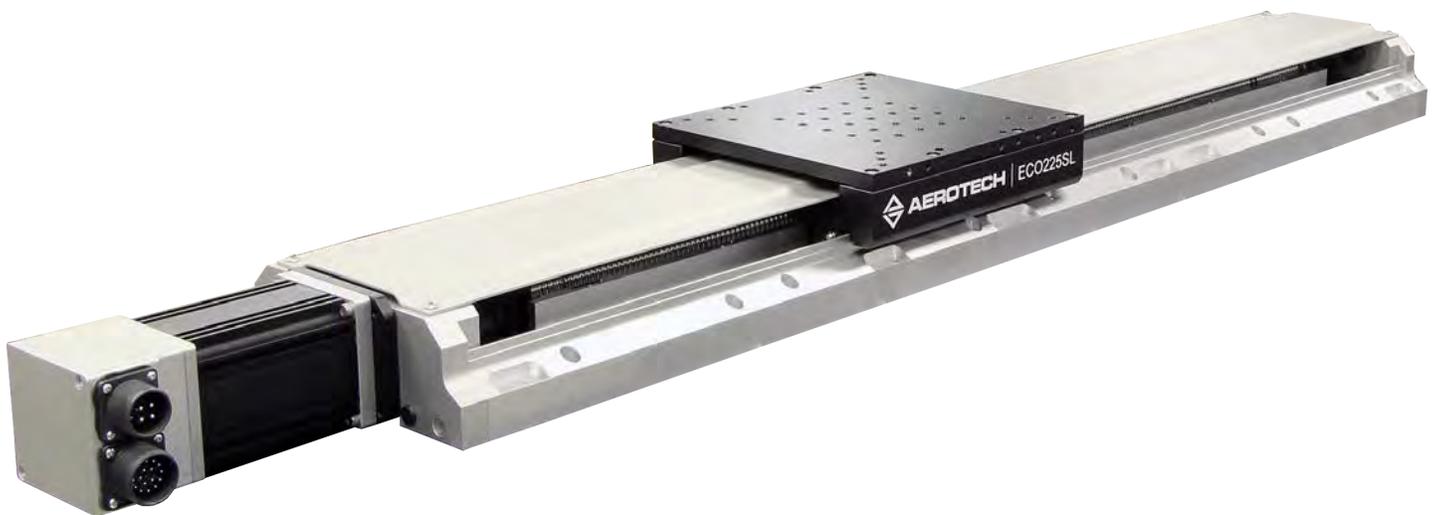




EC0225SL Series Mechanical Bearing, Ball-Screw Stage

HARDWARE MANUAL

Revision 2.00



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Safety Procedures and Warnings



IMPORTANT: This manual tells you how to carefully and correctly use and operate the ECO225SL stage.

- Read all parts of this manual before you install or operate the stage or before you do maintenance to your system.
- To prevent injury to you and damage to the equipment, obey the precautions in this manual.
- All specifications and illustrations are for reference only and were complete and accurate as of the release of this manual. To find the newest information about this product, refer to www.aerotech.com.

If you do not understand the information in this manual, contact Aerotech Global Technical Support.



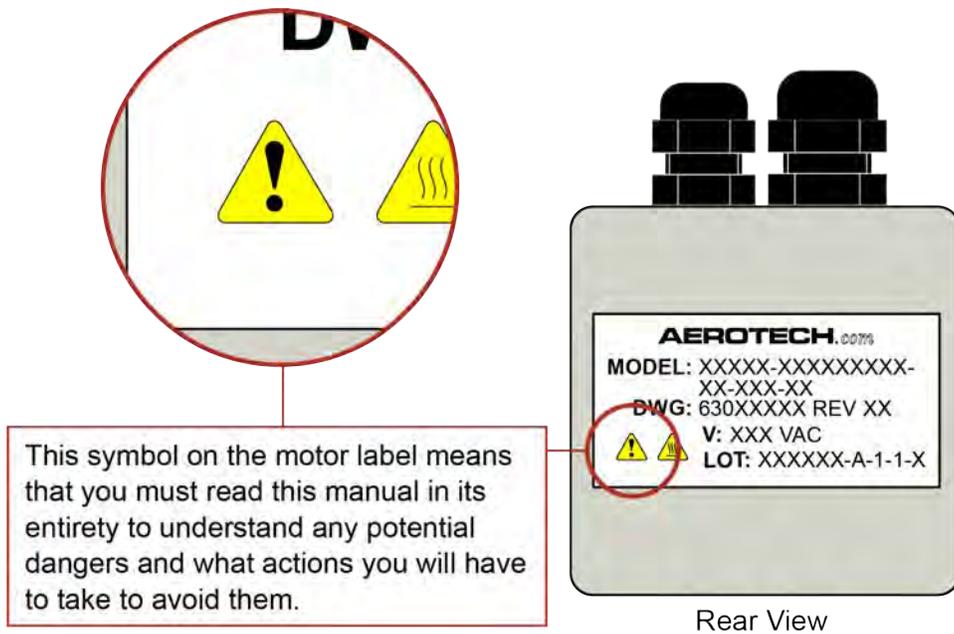
IMPORTANT: This product has been designed for light industrial manufacturing or laboratory environments. If the product is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer:

- The protection provided by the equipment could be impaired.
- The life expectancy of the product could be decreased.



DANGER: To decrease the risk of electrical shock, injury, death, and damage to the equipment, obey the precautions that follow.

- Restrict access to the stage when it is connected to a power source.
- Do not connect or disconnect electrical components, wires, and cables while this product is connected to a power source.
- Before you do maintenance to the equipment, disconnect the electrical power.
- Uncouple or otherwise prevent motor-coupled machinery movement when you do service to the equipment.
- Make sure that all components are grounded correctly and that they obey the local electrical safety requirements.
- Make sure that the motor frame is safety grounded with a conductor equal in size to the phase conductors.
- The drive must contain a properly-sized fuse, matched to the motor cable wire size.
- Supply each operator with the necessary protection from live electrical circuits.



DANGER: Hot surfaces. The case temperature could exceed 70°C.

- Do not touch the motor while it is in operation.
- Wait until the motor has cooled before you touch it.



DANGER: The motor is not rated for use in explosive atmospheres. Do not operate the motor in the presence of potentially explosive mixtures of air-borne dust or combustible vapors.



IMPORTANT: Equipment grounds must be in place and maintained to reduce the risk of serious or potentially fatal injury from electric shock.



DANGER: Strong Magnets / Electromagnetic Fields

- Motors and their associated drive, cables, and components are sources of electromagnetic fields. Persons with implanted medical devices need to evaluate the risks associated with these devices before they can enter an area where the devices are in use.
- Strong rare-earth magnets are present in the motor. Interaction with metallic objects (tools, watches, or keys, for example) could produce pinch injuries or damage to the equipment.
- Use non-magnetic tools when you do service to the motor.



DANGER: System travel can cause crush, shear, or pinch injuries. Restrict access to all motor and stage parts while your system is connected to a power source.

- Do not put yourself in the travel path of machinery.
- Motors are capable of very high speeds and acceleration rates.



WARNING: To decrease the risk of damage to the equipment, you must obey the precautions that follow

- Only trained operators should operate this equipment.
- All service and maintenance must be done by approved personnel.
- Use this product only in environments and operating conditions that are approved in this manual.
- Never install or operate equipment that appears to be damaged.
- On stages with BMS motors: the motor over-temperature sensor must be monitored by the drive. Use it to shut down the drive if the motor overheats.
- Make sure that the product is securely mounted before you operate it.
- Use care when you move the ECO225SL or you could negatively affect the performance of it.



WARNING: Securely mount and position all system cables.

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EU Declaration of Incorporation

Manufacturer Aerotech, Inc.
101 Zeta Drive
Pittsburgh, PA 15238-2811
USA

herewith declares that the product:

ECO225SL Linear Stage

is intended to be incorporated into machinery to constitute machinery covered by the Directive 2006/42/EC as amended;

and that the following harmonized European standards have been applied:

EN ISO 12100:2010

Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles for design

EN 60204-1:2010

Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines - Part 1: General requirements

and further more declares that

it is not allowed to put the equipment into service until the machinery into which it is to be incorporated or of which it is to be a component has been found and declared to be in conformity with the provisions of the Directive 2006/42/EC and with national implementing legislation, for example, as a whole, including the equipment referred to in this Declaration.

This is to certify that the aforementioned product is in accordance with the applicable requirements of the following directive(s):

2011/65/EU

EU 2015/863

RoHS 2 Directive

Amendment RoHS 3 Directive

Authorized Representative



/ Simon Smith, European Director

Aerotech Ltd

The Old Brick Kiln, Ramsdell, Tadley

Hampshire RG26 5PR

UK

Engineer Verifying Compliance



/ Alex Weibel

Aerotech, Inc.

101 Zeta Drive

Pittsburgh, PA 15238-2811

USA

6/10/2021

Date



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Chapter 1: Overview

Table 1-1: Model Numbers and Ordering Options

ECO225SL Mechanical-Bearing Screw-Driven Linear Stage	
Travel	
-0100	100 mm travel stage
-0150	150 mm travel stage
-0200	200 mm travel stage
-0250	250 mm travel stage
-0300	300 mm travel stage
-0400	400 mm travel stage
-0500	500 mm travel stage
-0600	600 mm travel stage
-0800	800 mm travel stage
Tabletop (Optional)	
-TT1	Tabletop with metric dimension mounting
-TT2	Tabletop with English dimension mounting
-TT3	Accessory tabletop with mounting for select rotary stages
Motor (Optional)	
-M1	BMS280 Brushless Servomotor and 2500-Line TTL Encoder
-M2	BMS280 Brushless Servomotor, 2500-Line TTL Encoder, and Brake
-M3	BMS280 Brushless Servomotor and 1000-Line 1 Vpp Encoder
-M4	BMS280 Brushless Servomotor, 1000-Line 1 Vpp Encoder, and Brake
-M5	BM250 Brushless Servomotor and 2500-Line TTL Encoder
-M6	BM250 Brushless Servomotor, 2500-Line TTL Encoder, and Brake
-M7	BM250 Brushless Servomotor and 1000-Line 1 Vpp Encoder
-M8	BM250 Brushless Servomotor, 1000-Line 1 Vpp Encoder, and Brake
-M9	SM280 High Voltage Stepper Motor
-M10	SM280 High Voltage Stepper Motor and Brake
Foldback (Optional)	
-FB1	Foldback Kit for 0.500 Inch Diameter Shaft NEMA 34 Motor
Motor Orientation (Optional)	
-2	Bottom cable exit (optional orientation)
-3	Left side cable exit (standard orientation)
-4	Top cable exit (optional orientation)
-5	Right side cable exit (optional orientation)
-8	Right side foldback (standard orientation)
-12	Left side foldback (optional orientation)

ECO225SL Mechanical-Bearing Screw-Driven Linear Stage (continued)	
Limits (Required)	
-LI1	Normally-closed limit switches, 5 VDC with 9-pin D connector
-LI2	Normally-open limit switches, 5 VDC with 9-pin D connector
Coupling (Optional)	
-CP1	Coupling for 0.500 in diameter shaft
Lifting Hardware (Optional)	
-LF	Lifting hardware
NOTE: Lifting option only available on travels 300 mm and greater; lifting should never be ordered on the upper-axis of an XY set (only order on lower-axis)	
Metrology (Required)	
-PL0	No Metrology Performance Plots
-PL1	Uncalibrated with Performance Plots
-PL2	Calibrated with Performance Plots
Accessories (ordered as a separate line item)	
ALIGN-NPA	Non-precision XY assembly
ALIGN-NPAZ	Non-precision XZ or YZ assembly
ALIGN-PA10	XY assembly; 10 arc sec orthogonality; alignment to within 7 μm orthogonality for short travel stages
ALIGN-PA10Z	XZ or YZ assembly with L-bracket; 10 arc second orthogonality; alignment to within 10 μm orthogonality for short travel stages
ALIGN-PA5	XY assembly; 5 arc sec orthogonality; alignment to within 3 μm orthogonality for short travel stages
ALIGN-PA5Z	XZ or YZ assembly with L-bracket; 5 arc second orthogonality; alignment to within 5 μm orthogonality for short travel stages
HDZ225	Right angle L-bracket for 100 mm, 150 mm, and 200 mm travels only; NOTE: Requires a tabletop when mounting to an ECO series stage

1.1. Environmental Specifications



WARNING: Do not expose this product to environments or conditions outside of the listed specifications. You could damage the equipment if you exceed the environmental or operating specifications.

Table 1-2: Environmental Specifications

Ambient Temperature	Operating: 10° to 35° C (50° to 95° F)
	The optimal operating temperature is 20° C \pm 2° C (68° F \pm 4° F). If at any time the operating temperature deviates from 20° C degradation in performance could occur.
Humidity	Storage: 0° to 40° C (32° to 104° F) in original shipping packaging
	Operating: 20% to 60% RH Storage: 10% to 70% RH, non-condensing in original packaging. The stage should be packaged with desiccant if it is to be stored for an extended time.
Altitude	Operating: 0 m to 2,000 m (0 ft to 6,562 ft) above sea level
	Contact Aerotech if your specific application involves use above 2,000 m or below sea level.
Vibration	Use the system in a low vibration environment. Excessive floor or acoustical vibration can affect system performance. Contact Aerotech for information regarding your specific application.
Protection Rating	The ECO225SL stages have an ingress protection rating of IP10.
Use	Indoor use only

1.2. Accuracy and Temperature Effects

The accuracy specification of ECO225SL series stages is measured 25 mm above the table with the stage in an unloaded condition. The stage is assumed to be fully supported by a mounting surface meeting or exceeding the specification in [Section 2.3](#).

The accuracy of the screw is a key element in the overall positioning accuracy of the SL stage. A scale error can be expected if temperature of the screw differs from 20° C (68° F). The greater the temperature difference, the greater the error. The temperature of the screw depends on the speed and duty cycle of the stage. The faster the movement and higher the duty cycle, the more the stage accuracy will be affected by heat. The thermal expansion coefficient of the screw is 11.7 ppm/°C.

1.3. Basic Specifications

Resolution is dependent on screw pitch, encoder resolution, and controller interpolation.

Table 1-3: ECO225SL Series Specifications (-0100 to -0300)

		-0100	-0150	-0200	-0250	-0300
Travel		100 mm	150 mm	200 mm	250 mm	300 mm
Accuracy ⁽¹⁾	Standard	±23 µm	±27 µm	±30 µm	±34 µm	±38 µm
	Calibrated	±5 µm	±5 µm	±5.5 µm	±5.5 µm	±5.5 µm
Resolution (Minimum Incremental Motion)		0.2 µm ⁽²⁾ , 0.75 µm ⁽³⁾				
Bidirectional Repeatability ⁽¹⁾		±4 µm	±4 µm	±4.5 µm	±4.5 µm	±4.5 µm
Straightness ⁽¹⁾		±2.5 µm	±3 µm	±3 µm	±3.5 µm	±4 µm
Flatness ⁽¹⁾		±2.5 µm	±3 µm	±3 µm	±3.5 µm	±4 µm
Pitch		40 µrad (8.3 arc sec)	40 µrad (8.3 arc sec)	50 µrad (10.3 arc sec)	55 µrad (11.3 arc sec)	60 µrad (12.4 arc sec)
Roll		40 µrad (8.3 arc sec)	40 µrad (8.3 arc sec)	50 µrad (10.3 arc sec)	55 µrad (11.3 arc sec)	60 µrad (12.4 arc sec)
Yaw		40 µrad (8.3 arc sec)	40 µrad (8.3 arc sec)	50 µrad (10.3 arc sec)	55 µrad (11.3 arc sec)	60 µrad (12.4 arc sec)
Maximum Speed ⁽⁴⁾		220 m/s				
Maximum Acceleration ⁽⁴⁾		Function of motor, amplifier, payload, and maximum axial load				
Load Capacity ⁽⁵⁾	Horizontal	100 kg				
	Vertical (Axial)	60 kg				
	Side	100 kg				
Moving Mass with tabletop		7.4 kg				
Stage Mass with no motor		18.5 kg	19.7 kg	20.9 kg	22.0 kg	23.2 kg
Material		Anodized Aluminum				
Mean Time Before Failure (MTBF)		20,000 Hours				
<p>1. Certified with -PL1 and -PL2 option.</p> <p>2. Achieved with Aerotech rotary motor with amplified sine encoder.</p> <p>3. Achieved with Aerotech rotary motor with 2500 counts/rev digital encoder.</p> <p>4. Requires the selection of an applicable amplifier with sufficient voltage and current.</p> <p>5. Axis orientation for on-axis loading is listed.</p> <p>6. Specifications are for single-axis systems measured 25 mm above the tabletop; performance of multi-axis system is payload and workpoint dependent. Consult the Aerotech factory for multi-axis or non-standard applications.</p> <p>7. Specifications listed are non-foldback kit options. Contact the factory for specifications when a foldback kit (-FBx) is used.</p>						

Table 1-4: ECO225SL Series Specifications (-0400 to -0800)

		-0400	-0500	-0600	-0800
Travel		400 mm	500 mm	600 mm	800 mm
Accuracy ⁽¹⁾	Standard	±43 µm	±45 µm	±48 µm	±51 µm
	Calibrated	±6 µm	±6 µm	±7 µm	±7 µm
Resolution (Minimum Incremental Motion)		0.2 µm ⁽²⁾ , 0.75 µm ⁽³⁾			
Bidirectional Repeatability ⁽¹⁾		±5 µm	±5 µm	±5 µm	±5 µm
Straightness ⁽¹⁾		±5 µm	±6 µm	±7 µm	±9.5 µm
Flatness ⁽¹⁾		±5 µm	±6 µm	±7 µm	±9.5 µm
Pitch		70 µrad (14.4 arc sec)	85 µrad (17.5 arc sec)	100 µrad (20.6 arc sec)	110 µrad (23.7 arc sec)
Roll		70 µrad (14.4 arc sec)	85 µrad (17.5 arc sec)	100 µrad (20.6 arc sec)	110 µrad (23.7 arc sec)
Yaw		70 µrad (14.4 arc sec)	85 µrad (17.5 arc sec)	100 µrad (20.6 arc sec)	110 µrad (23.7 arc sec)
Maximum Speed ⁽⁴⁾		220 m/s			
Maximum Acceleration ⁽⁴⁾		Function of motor, amplifier, payload, and maximum axial load			
Load Capacity ⁽⁵⁾	Horizontal	100 kg			
	Vertical (Axial)	60 kg			
	Side	100 kg			
Moving Mass with tabletop		7.4 kg			
Stage Mass with no motor		25.5 kg	27.8 kg	30.1 kg	34.8 kg
Material		Anodized Aluminum			
Mean Time Before Failure (MTBF)		20,000 Hours			
<p>1. Certified with -PL1 and -PL2 option.</p> <p>2. Achieved with Aerotech rotary motor with amplified sine encoder.</p> <p>3. Achieved with Aerotech rotary motor with 2500 counts/rev digital encoder.</p> <p>4. Requires the selection of an applicable amplifier with sufficient voltage and current.</p> <p>5. Axis orientation for on-axis loading is listed.</p> <p>6. Specifications are for single-axis systems measured 25 mm above the tabletop; performance of multi-axis system is payload and workpoint dependent. Consult the Aerotech factory for multi-axis or non-standard applications.</p> <p>7. Specifications listed are non-foldback kit options. Contact the factory for specifications when a foldback kit (-FBx) is used.</p>					

1.4. Vacuum Operation

There are two vacuum preparation options:

- Low Vacuum (for use in atmospheric pressures to 10^{-3} Torr)
- High Vacuum (preparation for environments from 10^{-3} to 10^{-6} Torr).

Special preparations include:

- Parts are lubricated with vacuum-compatible lubricants.
- Materials, fasteners, and coatings with vacuum outgas performance are ensured to be compatible with the specified level of vacuum.
- For high vacuum systems, situations that may allow gases to become temporarily trapped during pump down are removed.
- Prior to assembly, stage parts are thoroughly cleaned in a clean environment.
- The stage is packaged in a special polyethylene bag.

Vacuum Guidelines

To ensure that the stage will continue to perform well in the vacuum environment, follow the guidelines listed below (in addition to standard handling, installation, and lubrication guidelines outlined in this manual).

1. Do not remove the stage from its sealed bag until it is ready for use.
2. Always handle the stage in a clean environment and use powder-free polyethylene gloves to prevent any contaminants from adhering to the surface of the stage.
3. During installation, use cleaned, vented, stainless steel fasteners to secure the stage.
4. Reduced air pressure eliminates significant convective heat transfer. This, coupled with the viscous vacuum-compatible lubricants, could result in excessive motor operating temperatures. Because of this, consider all continuous torque ratings to be 40 to 60% lower than the value specified for operation in normal atmospheric environment. Reduce motor usage accordingly.
5. We recommend that you use a small quantity of **Braycote® 602EF** grease or a compatible substitute of equal quality lubricant in vacuum applications.
6. Bake vacuum components at 60 °C for 24 to 48 hours to significantly reduce outgassing at initial pump-down to vacuum pressure and evaporate water vapor that impregnates porous surfaces on the aluminum and Teflon cables. Aerotech recommends that customers bake out vacuum systems when first installing them in the vacuum chamber. Contact Aerotech to discuss your application and the recommended bakeout procedure.

Chapter 2: Installation



WARNING: ECO225SL installation must be in accordance to instructions provided by this manual and any accompanying documentation. Failure to follow these instructions could result in injury or damage to the equipment.

2.1. Unpacking and Handling the Stage



WARNING: HEAVY! It is the responsibility of the customer to safely and carefully lift and move the ECO225SL.

- Refer to [Section 1.3](#) for stage mass specifications. Do not attempt to lift heavy loads single handed.
- Use care when you move the ECO225SL or you could negatively affect the performance of it.
- Lift this product only by the base.
- Use lifting hardware if it has been provided (refer to [Figure 2-1](#)).
- Use a cart, dolly, or similar device to move the stage to a new location.
- For multi-axis assemblies, always lift the system by the lower axis.
- Do not use the cables or the connectors to lift or move this product.
- Make sure that all moving parts are secure before you move the ECO225SL. Unsecured moving parts could shift and cause injury or damage to the equipment.

Carefully remove the stage from its protective shipping container. Gently set the stage on a smooth, flat, and clean surface. Use compressed nitrogen or clean, dry, oil-free air to remove any dust or debris that has collected during shipping.

Before you operate the stage, let it stabilize at room temperature for at least 12 hours. This will ensure that all of the alignments, preloads, and tolerances are the same as they were when they were tested at Aerotech.

Each stage has a label listing the system part number and serial number. These numbers contain information necessary for maintenance or system hardware and software updates. Locate this label and record the information for later reference.

Lifting Features

The lifting kit includes four eyebolts and four standoffs. Thread the eyebolts onto the standoffs and thread the standoffs into the stage base. Remove the lifting hardware by turning a wrench on the flats of the standoffs (see [Figure 2-1](#)). If the stage is part of a multi-axis system, the lifting hardware should be attached to the lower axis. The lifting hardware must be removed before the stage can be operated.

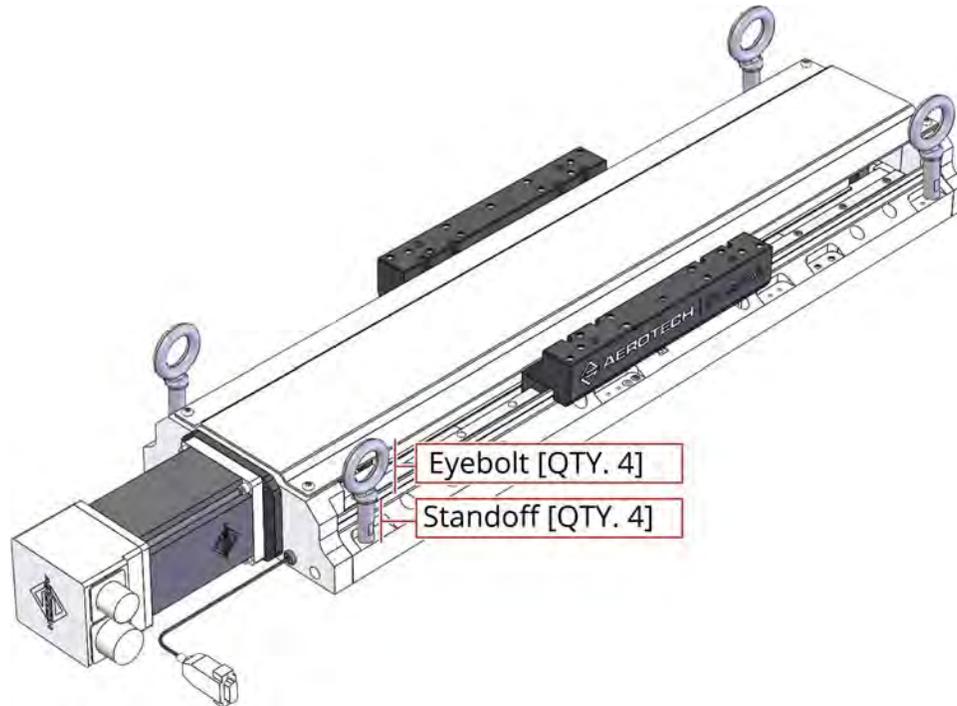


Figure 2-1: Lifting Features

2.2. Dimensions

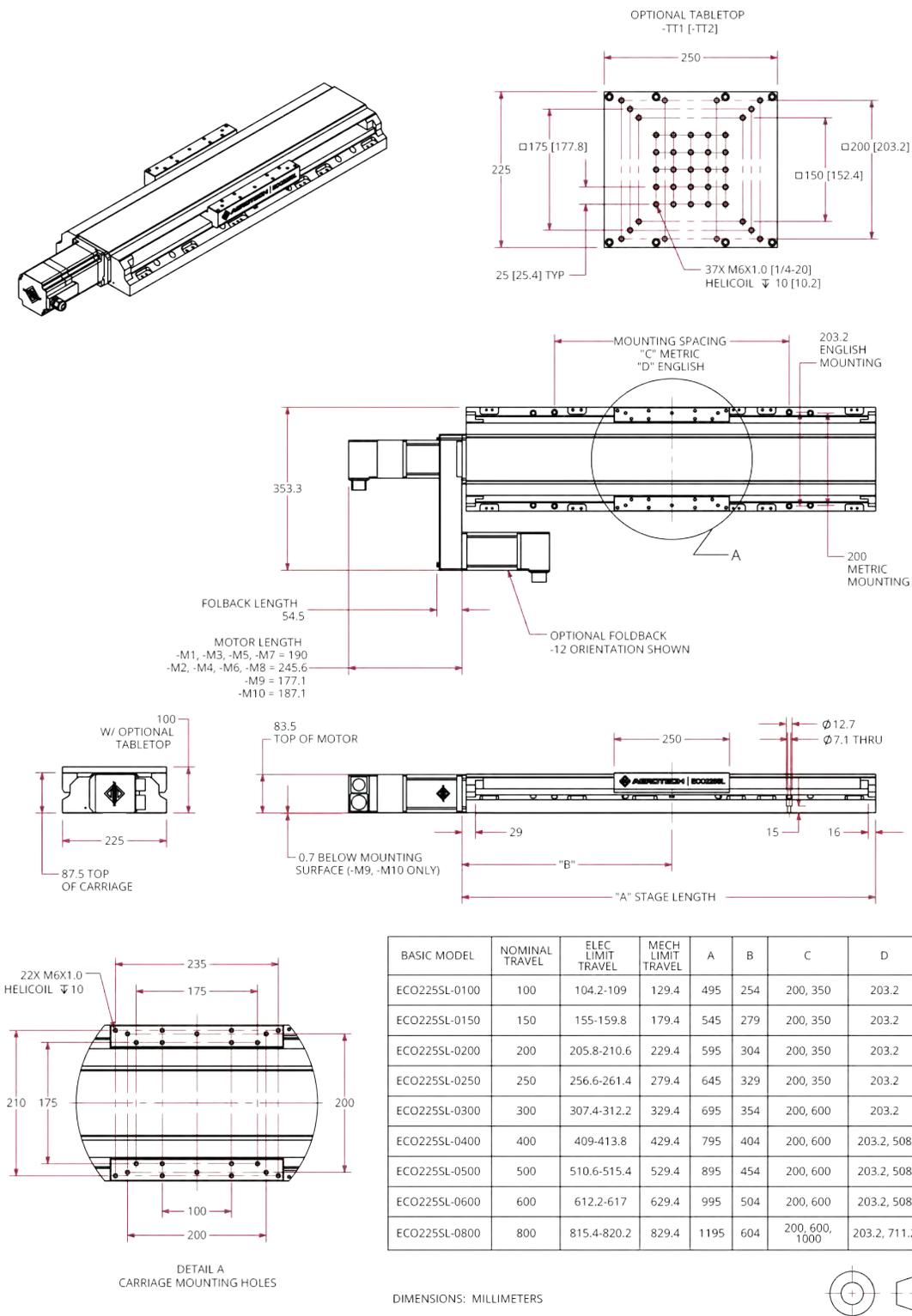


Figure 2-2: ECO225SL Dimensions

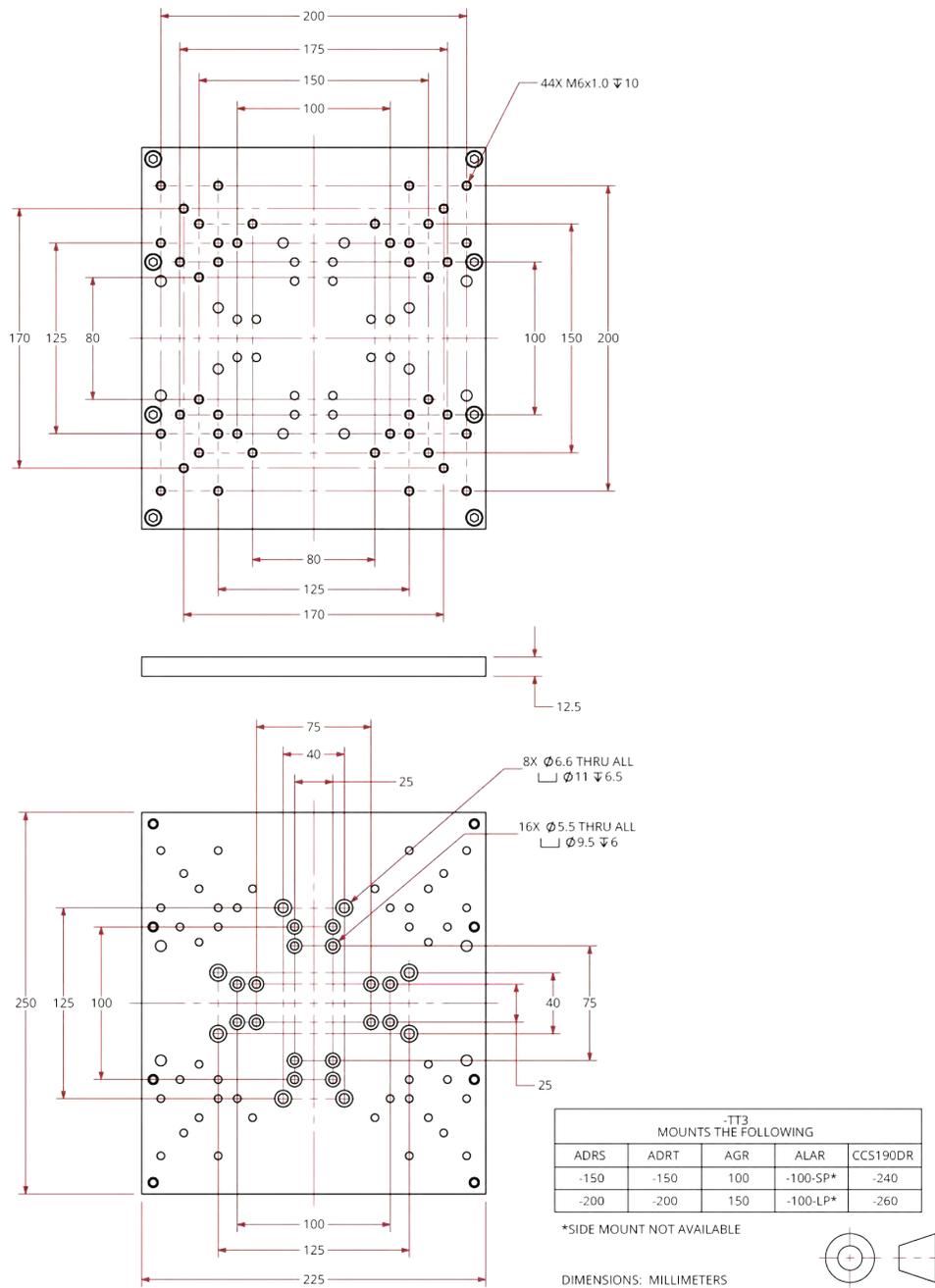
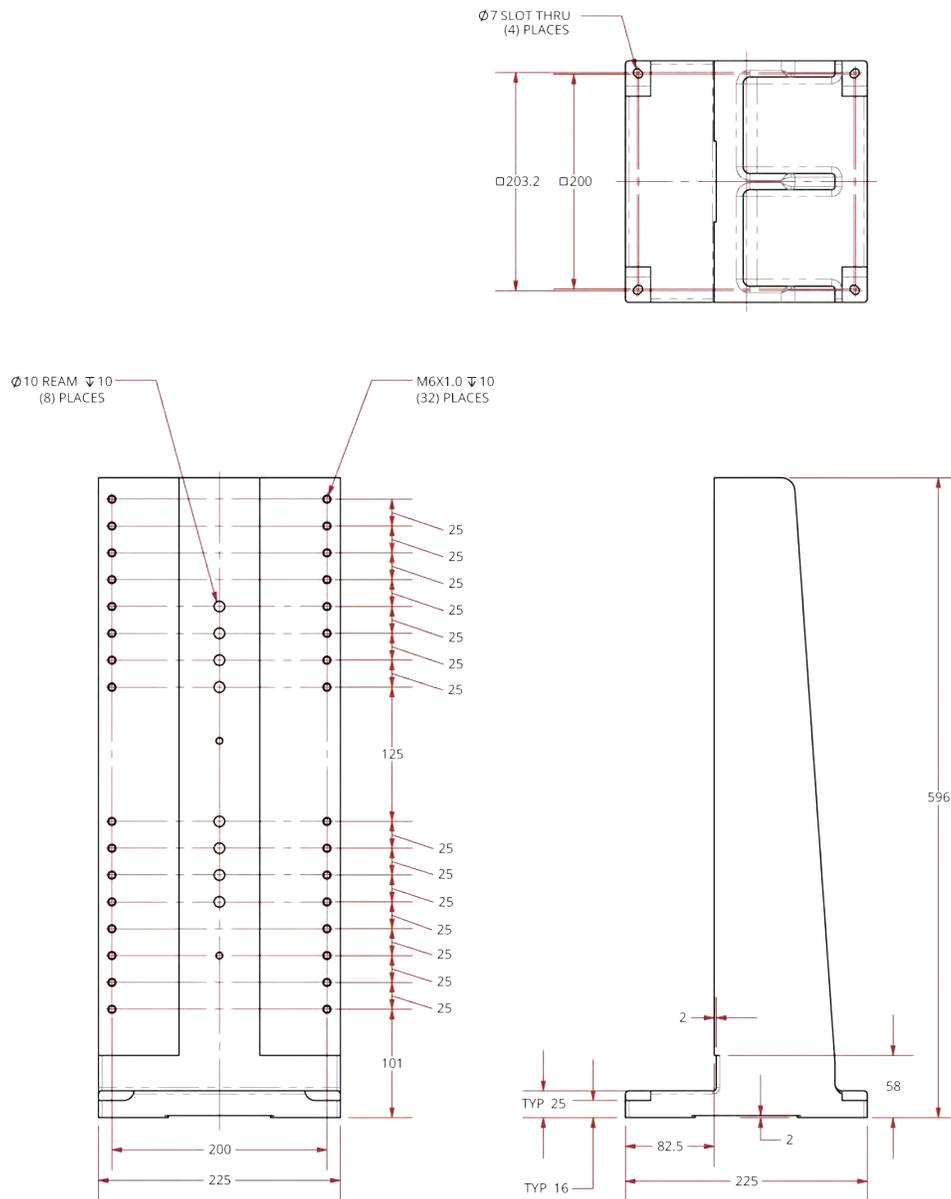


Figure 2-3: Tabletop Accessory Dimensions (-TT3 Option)



BASIC MODEL	RECOMMENDED FOR	MASS [kg]
HDZ225	PRO225SL-0100, PRO225SL-0150, PRO225SL-0200, ECO225SL-0100, ECO225SL-0150, ECO225SL-0200	16.9

DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS

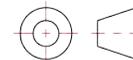


Figure 2-4: Z-Axis Bracket Dimensions

2.3. Securing the Stage to the Mounting Surface



WARNING: The stage must be mounted securely. Improper mounting can result in injury and damage to the equipment.



DANGER: PINCH POINT! Keep Hands Clear while the stage is in motion. Make sure that all moving parts are secure before you move the ECO225SL. Unsecured moving parts could shift and cause injury or damage to the equipment.

The mounting surface must be flat and have adequate stiffness to achieve the maximum performance from the stage. When it is mounted to a non-flat surface, the stage can be distorted while the mounting screws are tightened. This distortion will decrease overall accuracy. Adjustments to the mounting surface must be done before the stage is secured.

Inspect the mounting surface for dirt or unwanted residue and clean if necessary. Use precision flatstones on the mounting surface to remove any burrs or high spots. Clean the mounting surface with a lint-free cloth and acetone or isopropyl alcohol and allow the cleaning solvent to completely dry. Gently place the stage on the mounting surface.



IMPORTANT: The ECO225SL is precision machined and verified for flatness prior to product assembly at the factory. If machining is required to achieve the desired flatness, it should be performed on the mounting surface rather than the stage. Shimming should be avoided if possible. If shimming is required, it should be minimized to retain maximum rigidity of the system.

Table 2-1: Stage Mounting Surface Flatness Requirement

Stage Travel	Flatness Requirement
All Travels	7.5 μm

If necessary, manually move the stage table to access the mounting holes along the edges of the stage. This stage is designed to use socket head cap screws (SHCS) to secure the base to the mounting surface.



IMPORTANT: The stage table may offer a considerable amount of resistance when it is moved manually.

- If the stage is not connected to a power source, the stage should move freely by hand.
- Do not attempt to manually move the stage if it is connected to a power source or includes an integrated brake.

Tightening torque values for the mounting hardware are dependent on the properties of the surface to which the stage is being mounted. Values provided in [Table 2-2](#) are typical values and may not be accurate for your mounting surface. Refer to [Section 2.2](#) for mounting locations and dimensions.

Table 2-2: Stage to Mounting Surface Hardware

Mounting Hardware	Typical Screw Torque
M6 x 25 mm (or 1/4" x 1") SHCS with flat washers	7 N·m [5 ft·lb]

2.4. Attaching the Payload to the Stage

Inspect the mounting surface for dirt or unwanted residue and clean if necessary. Clean the mounting surface with a lint-free cloth and acetone or isopropyl alcohol and allow the cleaning solvent to completely dry. Gently place the stage on the mounting surface.

Use a representative payload during start-up to prevent accidental damage to the stage and the payload. Proceed with the electrical installation and test the motion control system in accordance with the system documentation. Document all results for future reference. For information on electrical installation refer to [Chapter 3: Electrical Installation](#) and the documentation delivered with the stage.



IMPORTANT: If your ECO225SL was purchased with Aerotech controls, it could have been tuned with a representative payload based on the information provided at the time of order. If you start the ECO225SL without a payload, the servo gains provided by Aerotech with the shipment may not be appropriate and servo instability can occur. Refer to the controller help file for tuning assistance.

The payload must be flat, rigid, and comparable to the stage in quality to maintain optimum performance.



IMPORTANT: For valid system performance, the mounting interface should be flat within 12 μm .



WARNING: If the screw extends through the stage table it could affect travel and damage the stage. Refer to the dimensions in [Section 2.2](#) for maximum allowable thread engagement.

Applied loads should be symmetrically distributed whenever possible. The payload should be centered on the stage table and the entire stage should be centered on the support structure.

For a cantilevered load, first determine if it is a **Vertical**, **Horizontal**, or a **Side** cantilever system (refer to [Figure 2-5](#)).

The **Vertical** curve is for situations where the stage is mounted in a vertical orientation and the payload is mounted to the table top with its center of gravity extended outward in a direction normal to the tabletop surface. Refer to [Figure 2-7](#) or [Figure 2-8](#) for torque requirements on a vertical orientation.

The **Horizontal** curve assumes a horizontal stage orientation with the payload offset extending outwards along the surface of the tabletop.

The **Side** curve is for situations where the stage is mounted on its side and the offset load extends outwards in a direction normal to the tabletop surface.

Measure the cantilever length, then find the corresponding load value from [Figure 2-6](#).

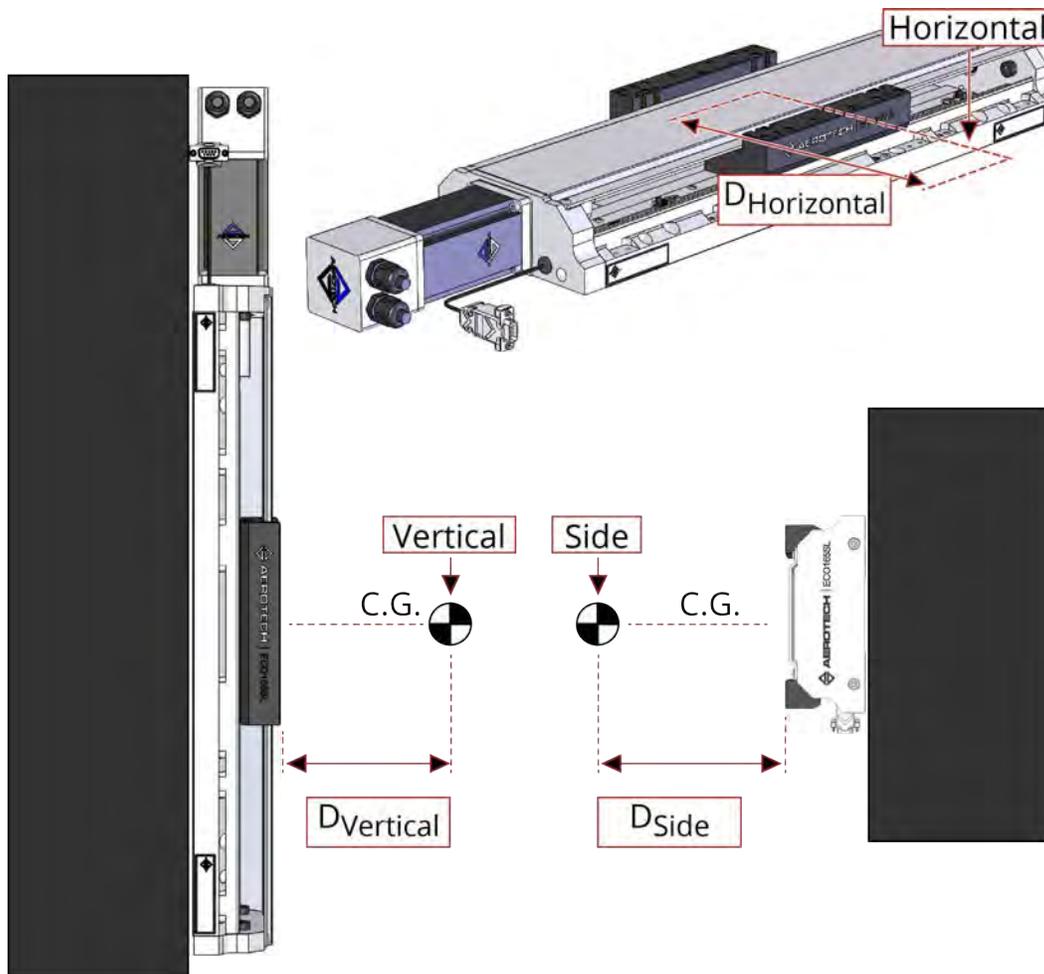


Figure 2-5: Stage Orientations

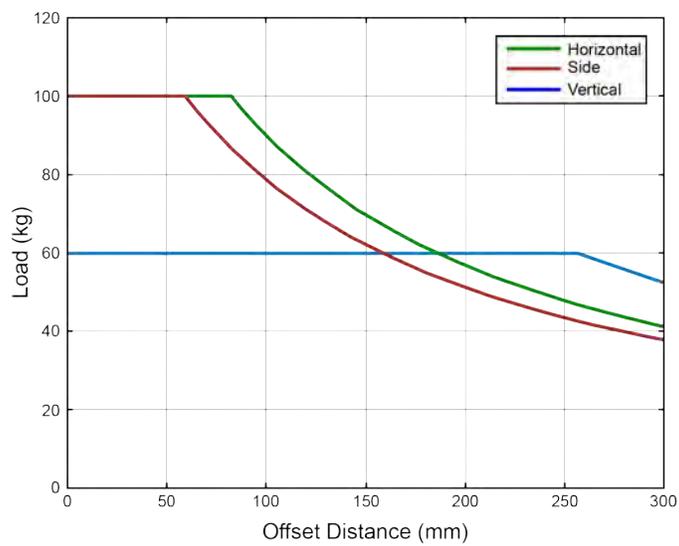


Figure 2-6: Cantilevered Load Capability

The approximate amount of torque required to turn the ball screw of ECO225SL series stages can be found from [Figure 2-8](#) or the following equation:

$$Torque_{REQ} = \frac{(AxialLoad) \times (LeadofScrew)}{2 \times \pi \times (Efficiency)}$$

Figure 2-7: Load Torque Equation

For ECO225SL series stages, the ball screw efficiency is rated at 90% (0.90). Refer to [Section 1.3](#) for Load Capacity specifications.

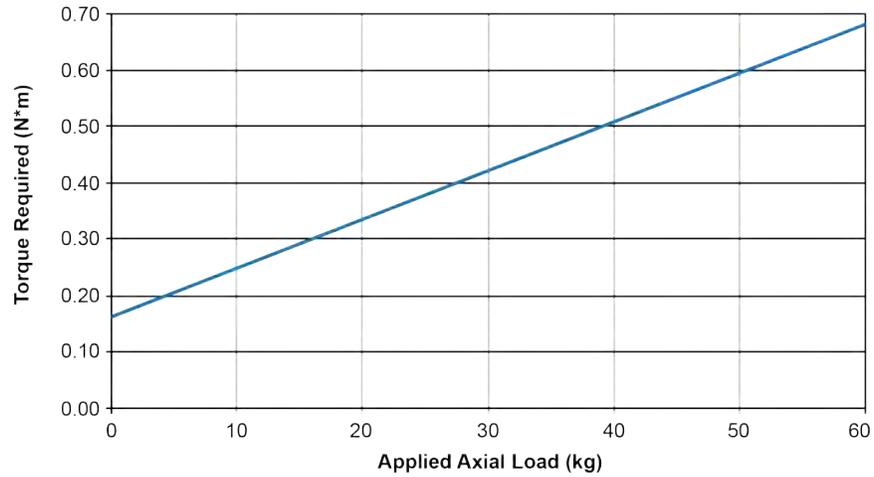


Figure 2-8: Torque Required to Turn Ball Screw in Vertical Orientation

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Chapter 3: Electrical Installation



DANGER: To decrease the risk of electrical shock, injury, death, and damage to the equipment, obey the precautions that follow.

- Restrict access to the stage when it is connected to a power source.
- Do not connect or disconnect electrical components, wires, and cables while this product is connected to a power source.
- Before you do maintenance to the equipment, disconnect the electrical power.
- Uncouple or otherwise prevent motor-coupled machinery movement when you do service to the equipment.
- Make sure that all components are grounded correctly and that they obey the local electrical safety requirements.
- Make sure that the motor frame is safety grounded with a conductor equal in size to the phase conductors.
- The drive must contain a properly-sized fuse, matched to the motor cable wire size.
- Supply each operator with the necessary protection from live electrical circuits.



WARNING: Applications that require access to the ECO225SL must be restricted to qualified and trained personnel. The system integrator or qualified installer is responsible for determining and meeting all safety and compliance requirements when they integrate the ECO225SL into a completed system.

Electrical installation requirements will depend on the ordered product options. Installation instructions in this section are for Aerotech stages equipped with standard Aerotech motors intended for use with an Aerotech motion control system. Contact Aerotech for further information on products that are otherwise configured.

Aerotech motion control systems are adjusted at the factory for optimum performance. When the ECO225SL is part of a complete Aerotech motion control system, setup should only require that you connect the stage to the appropriate drive chassis with the cables provided. Labels on the system components should indicate the appropriate connections.

If system level integration was purchased, an electrical drawing that shows the system interconnects has been supplied with the system (separate from this documentation).

The electrical wiring from the motor and encoder are integrated at the factory. Refer to the sections that follow for standard motor wiring and connector pinouts.

3.1. Motor and Feedback Connectors

Stages equipped with standard motors and encoders come from the factory completely wired and assembled.



IMPORTANT: Refer to the other documentation accompanying your Aerotech equipment. Call your Aerotech representative if there are any questions on system configuration.



IMPORTANT: If using standard Aerotech motors and cables, motor and encoder connection adjustments are not required.

The protective ground connection of the ECO225SL provides motor frame ground protection only. Additional grounding and safety precautions are required for applications requiring access to the stage while it is energized. The System Integrator or qualified installer is responsible for determining and meeting all safety and compliance requirements necessary for the integration of this stage into the final application.



DANGER: The protective ground connection must be properly installed to minimize the possibility of electric shock.



DANGER: The stage controller must provide over-current and over-speed protection. Failure to do so could cause electric shock or damage to the equipment.

Table 3-1: Brushless Motor Connector Pinout [-M1 to -M8]

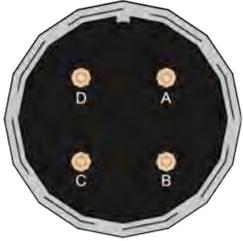
Pin	Description	Connector
A	Motor Phase A	 <p>P/N: MS3101A18-10P</p>
B	Motor Phase B	
C	Motor Phase C	
D	Frame Ground (motor protective ground)	
Backshell	Motor Cable Shield	

Table 3-2: Mating Connector Part Numbers for the Brushless Motor Connector

Mating Connector	Aerotech P/N	Third Party P/N
Plug	MCM00475	Amphenol MS3106A18
Insert	MCM00495	Amphenol 9718-10S
Bushing	MCM00481	DDK MS3055-18-10
Clamp	MCM00477	Amphenol MS3057A-10

Note: All parts are nickel-plated

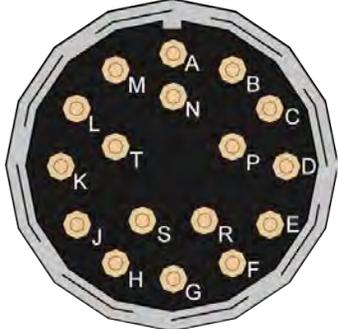
Table 3-3: Stepper Motor Connector Pinout [-M9 and -M10]

Pin	Description	Connector
A1	Motor Phase A	
A2	Motor Phase B	
A3	Motor Phase A Return	
1	Brake - (with Brake Option)	
2	Brake + (with Brake Option)	
3	Reserved	
4	Frame Ground (motor protective ground)	
5	Frame Ground (motor protective ground)	
A4	Motor Phase B Return	

Table 3-4: Mating Connector Part Numbers for the Stepper Motor Connector

Mating Connector	Aerotech P/N	Third Party P/N
Backshell	ECK00656	Amphenol #17E-1726-2
Sockets [QTY. 4]	ECK00659	ITT Cannon #DM53744-6
Connector	ECK00657	ITT Cannon #DBM9W4SA197

Table 3-5: Brushless Motor Feedback Connector Pinout [-M1 to -M8]

Pin	Description	Connector
Case	Shield Connection	 <p>P/N: MS3102R20-29P</p>
A	COS+ (Encoder Cosine+)	
B	COS- (Encoder Cosine-)	
C	SIN+ (Encoder Sine+)	
D	SIN- (Encoder Sine-)	
E	MRK+ (Encoder Marker+)	
F	MRK- (Encoder Marker-)	
G	Common ground	
H	5V Power Supply Input	
J	Reserved	
K	Hall Effect Sensor (Phase A)	
L	BMS Motors: Over-Temperature Thermistor Sensor ⁽¹⁾ BM Motors: Reserved	
M	Hall Effect Sensor (Phase B)	
N	Reserved	
P	Hall Effect Sensor (Phase C)	
R	Reserved	
S	Reserved Brake + (with Brake Option) ⁽¹⁾	
T	Reserved Brake - (with Brake Option) ⁽¹⁾	

(1) 24 VDC @ 1 A max

Table 3-6: Mating Connector Part Numbers for the Brushless Motor Feedback Connector

Mating Connector	Aerotech P/N	Third Party P/N
Plug	MCM00454	Amphenol MS3106A-20
Insert	MCM00464	Amphenol MS20-29S
Clamp	MCM00457	97-3057-1012
Bushing	MCM00493	Amphenol AN3055-22-12

Note: All parts are nickel-plated

Table 3-7: Stepper Motor Feedback Connector Pinout [-M9 and -M10]

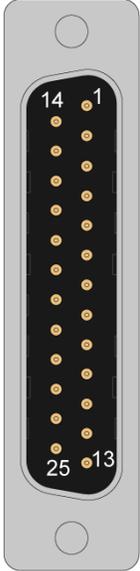
Pin	Description	Connector
Case	Shield Connection	
1	Reserved	
2	Reserved	
3	5V Power Supply Input	
4	Reserved	
5	Reserved	
6	MRK- (Encoder Marker-)	
7	MRK+ (Encoder Marker+)	
8	Reserved	
9	Reserved	
10	Reserved	
11	Reserved	
12	Reserved	
13	Reserved	
14	COS+ (Encoder Cosine+)	
15	COS- (Encoder Cosine-)	
16	5V Power Supply Input	
17	SIN+ (Encoder Sine+)	
18	SIN- (Encoder Sine-)	
19	Reserved	
20	Common	
21	Common	
22	Reserved	
23	Reserved	
24	Reserved	
25	Reserved	

Table 3-8: Mating Connector Part Numbers for the Stepper Motor Feedback Connector

Mating Connector	Aerotech P/N	Third Party P/N
25-Socket D-Connector	ECK00300	FCI DB25S064TLF
Backshell	ECK00656	Amphenol 17E-1726-2

Table 3-9: Limit Connector Wiring

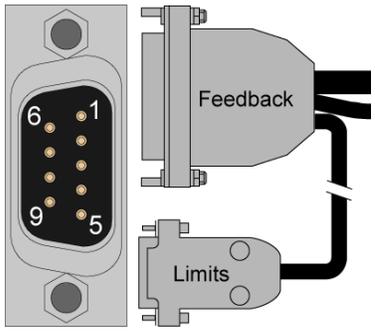
Pin	Description	Limits Connector
Case	Shield Connection	
1	5V Power Supply Limit Input	
2	Limit Common	
3	+Limit/CW (Positive/Clockwise Travel Limit)	
4	Home Limit	
5	-Limit/CCW (Negative/Counterclockwise Limit)	
6	Reserved	
7	Common ground	
9	Reserved	

Table 3-10: Mating Connector Part Numbers for the Limit Connector

Mating Connector	Aerotech P/N	Third Party P/N
9-Pin D-Connector	ECK00340	FCI DE09S064TLF
Backshell	ECK01021	Amphenol 17E-1724-2

3.2. Motor and Feedback Wiring

Shielded cables are required for the motor and feedback connections.

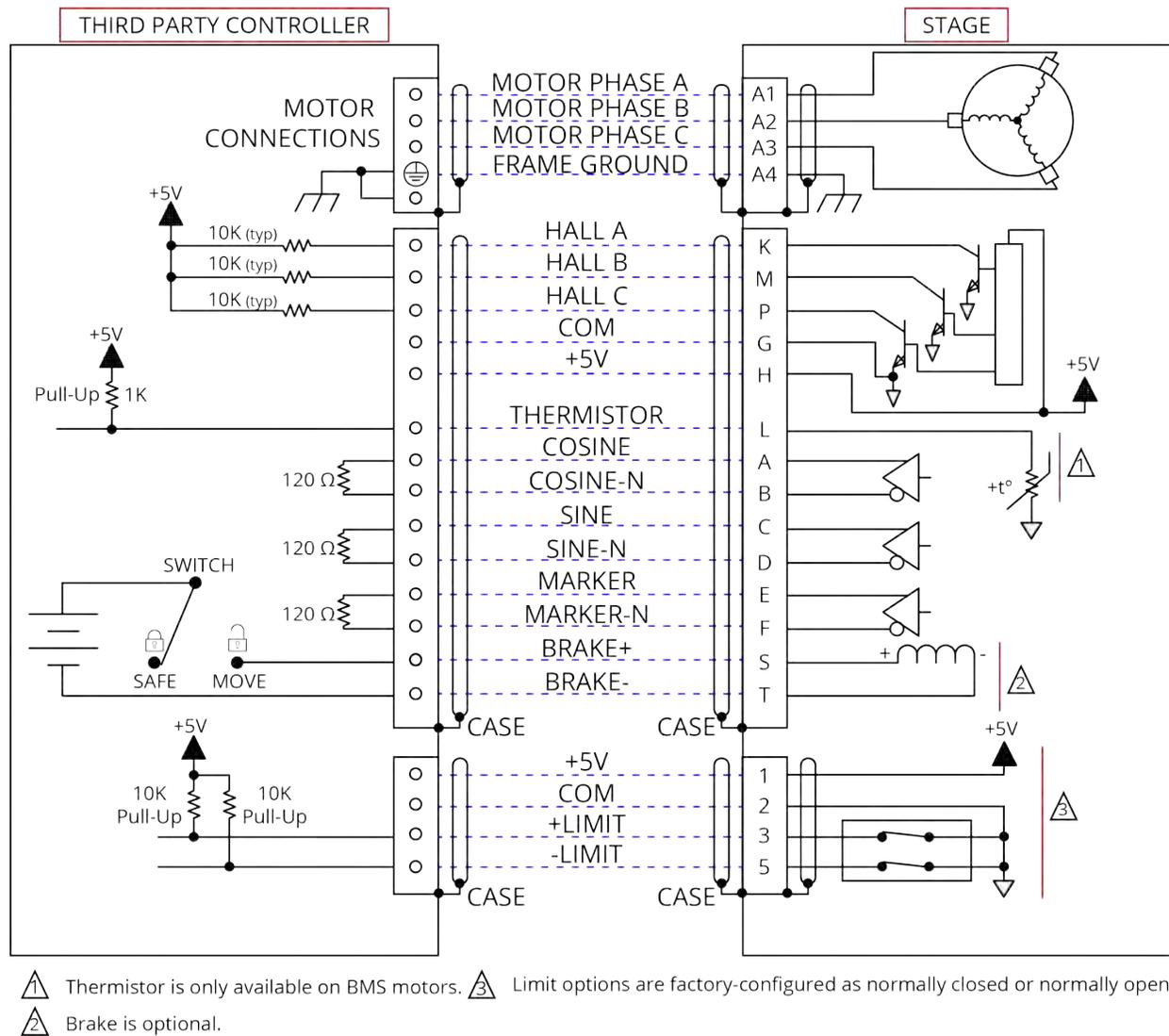
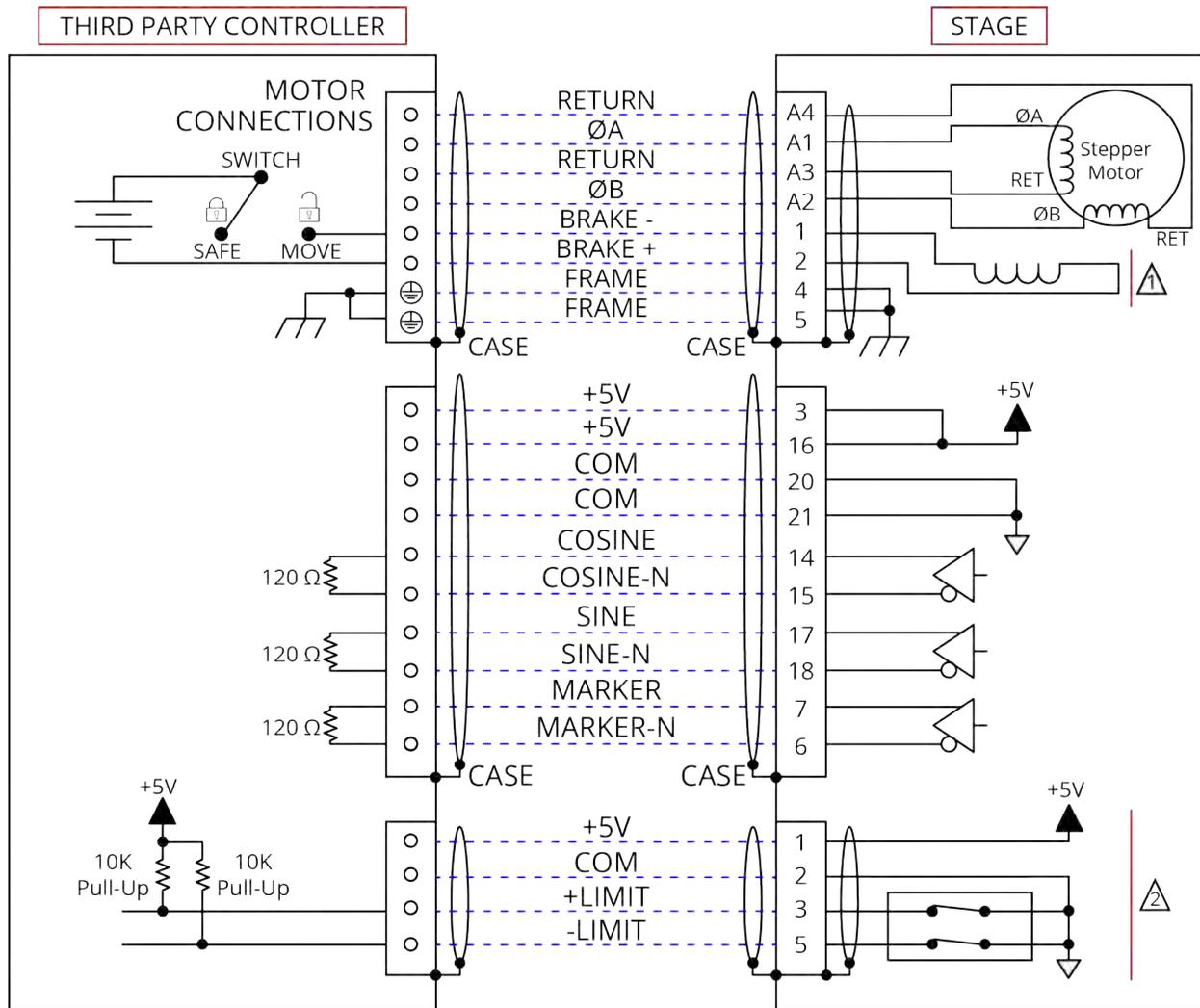


Figure 3-1: Brushless Motor and Feedback Wiring [-M1 through -M8 Options]



⚠ For motors with a brake option.

⚠ Limit options are factory-configured as normally closed [-LI1] or normally open [-LI2].

Figure 3-2: Stepper Motor and Feedback Wiring [-M9 and -M10 Options]

3.3. Motor and Feedback Specifications

Table 3-11: Hall-Effect Sensor Specifications (BM or BMS Motor Options)

	Specification
Supply Voltage	5 V \pm 5%
Supply Current	50 mA
Output Type	Open Collector
Output Voltage	24 V max (pull up)
Output Current	5 mA (sinking)

Table 3-12: Thermistor Specifications (BMS Motor Options)

	Specification
Polarity	Logic "0" (no fault)
	Logic "1" (over-temperature fault)
Cold Resistance	\sim 100 Ω
Hot Resistance	\sim 10 K
Note: 1K pull-up to +5V recommended.	

Table 3-13: Encoder Specifications

	Specification
Supply Voltage	5 V \pm 5%
Supply Current	250 mA (typical)
Output Signals	Sinusoidal Type (Incremental Encoder): 1 V _{pk-pk} into 120 Ω Load (differential signals SIN+, SIN-, COS+, COS- are .5 V _{pk-pk} relative to ground.)
	Digital Output (Incremental Encoder): RS422/485 compatible

Table 3-14: Limit Switch Specifications

	-L11 Option	-L12 Option
Supply Voltage	5 V	5 V
Supply Current	25 mA	
Output Type	Open Collector	
Output Voltage	5 V	5 V
Output Current	10 mA (sinking)	10 mA (sinking)
Output Polarity (Factory Configured)	Normally Closed (NC) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sinks current to ground (Logic "0") when not in limit High impedance (Logic "1") when in limit Requires external pull-up to +5 V (10 kΩ recommended) 	Normally Open (NO) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sinks current to ground (Logic "0") when in limit High impedance (Logic "1") when not in limit Requires external pull-up to +5 V (10 kΩ recommended)
	Note: If the ECO225SL is driven beyond the electrical limit, it will encounter a mechanical stop. Impacting the mechanical stop could cause damage to the stage even at low speeds.	

Table 3-15: Brake Specifications

	Specification
Supply Voltage	24 VDC
Supply Current (typical)	250 mA (current required to release the brake and allow motion)

Table 3-16: ECO225SL Motor Specifications (BMS280)

		BMS280
Performance Specifications ^(1, 5)		
Stall Torque, Continuous ⁽²⁾	N·m (oz·in)	1.60 (227.0)
Peak Torque ⁽³⁾	N·m (oz·in)	6.41 (908.0)
Rated Power Output, Continuous	W	381
Electrical Specifications ⁽⁵⁾		
Winding Designation		-A
BEMF Constant (Line-Line, Max)	V_{pk}/k_{rpm}	57.0
Continuous Current, Stall ⁽²⁾	$A_{pk} (A_{rms})$	3.8 (2.7)
Peak Current, Stall ⁽³⁾	$A_{pk} (A_{rms})$	15.2 (10.7)
Torque Constant ^(4, 8)	$N·m/A_{pk}$ (oz·in/ A_{pk})	0.420 (59.70)
	$N·m/A_{rms}$ (oz·in/ A_{rms})	0.600 (84.50)
Motor Constant ^(2, 4)	$N·m/\sqrt{W}$ (oz·in/ \sqrt{W})	0.179 (25.34)
Resistance, 25°C (Line-Line)	Ω	5.70
Inductance (Line-Line)	mH	1.10
Maximum Bus Voltage	V_{DC}	340
Thermal Resistance	$^{\circ}C/W$	0.93
Number of Poles	--	14
1. Performance is dependent upon heat sink configuration, system cooling conditions, and ambient temperature 2. Values shown @ 75°C rise above a 25 °C ambient temperature, with housed motor mounted to a 250 mm x 250 mm x 6 mm aluminum heat sink 3. Peak torque assumes correct rms current; consult Aerotech 4. Force constant and motor constant specified at stall 5. All performance and electrical specifications $\pm 10\%$ 6. Maximum winding temperature is 100 °C (thermistor trips at 100 °C) 7. Ambient operating temperature range 0 °C - 25 °C; consult Aerotech for performance in elevated ambient temperatures 8. All Aerotech amplifiers are rated A_{pk} ; use torque constant in $N·m/A_{pk}$ when sizing		

Table 3-17: ECO225SL Motor Specifications (BM250)

		BM250
Performance Specifications ^(1,2)		
Stall Torque, Continuous ⁽³⁾	N·m (oz·in)	2.30 (322.0)
Peak Torque ⁽⁴⁾	N·m (oz·in)	5.70 (805.0)
Rated Power Output, Continuous	W	739
Electrical Specifications ⁽²⁾		
BEMF Constant (Line-Line, Max)	V_{pk}/k_{rpm}	28.0
Continuous Current, Stall ⁽³⁾	$A_{pk} (A_{rms})$	10.3 (7.3)
Peak Current, Stall ⁽⁴⁾	$A_{pk} (A_{rms})$	25.6 (18.1)
Torque Constant ⁽⁵⁾	$N\cdot m/A_{pk}$ (oz·in/ A_{pk})	0.220 (31.40)
	$N\cdot m/A_{rms}$ (oz·in/ A_{rms})	0.310 (44.40)
Motor Constant ^(3,5)	$N\cdot m/\sqrt{W}$ (oz·in/ \sqrt{W})	0.206 (29.22)
Resistance, 25°C (Line-Line)	Ω	1.10
Inductance (Line-Line)	mH	2.74
Maximum Bus Voltage	V_{DC}	340
Thermal Resistance	$^{\circ}C/W$	0.82
Number of Poles	--	8
1. Performance is dependent upon heat sink configuration, system cooling conditions, and ambient temperature 2. All performance and electrical specifications $\pm 10\%$ 3. Values shown @ 105°C rise above a 25 °C ambient temperature, with housed motor mounted to a 250 mm x 250 mm x 6 mm aluminum heat sink 4. Peak torque assumes correct rms current; consult Aerotech 5. Torque constant and motor constant specified at stall 6. Maximum winding temperature is 130 °C 7. Ambient operating temperature range 0 °C - 25 °C; consult Aerotech for performance in elevated ambient temperatures 8. All Aerotech amplifiers are rated A_{pk} ; use torque constant in $N\cdot m/A_{pk}$ when sizing		

Table 3-18: ECO225SL Motor Specifications (SM280-VT2)

	SM280-VT2
NEMA Motor Frame Size	NEMA 34
Stall Torque	8.75 N·m (1238 oz·in)
Rated Phase Current	3.04 A
Maximum Voltage Across the Motor	160 V
Rotor Inertia	2.70E-04 kg·m ² (0.038 oz·in·s ²)
Full Step Angle	1.8°
Accuracy	±0.09°
Maximum Radial Load	22.5 kg (50 lb)
Maximum Thrust Load	6.1 kg (14 lb)
Weight	3.8 kg (8.4 lb)

Table 3-19: Rotary Encoder Specifications for ECO225SL Stages

Encoder Option	Fundamental Signal Period	Digital Resolution
-M1, -M2, -M5, -M6 (2500 line TTL signal)	2 μm	0.5 μm
-M3, -M4, -M7, -M8 (1000 line 1Vpp Amplified Sine signal)	5 μm	--
-M3, -M4, -M7, -M8 with 1000x Interpolation ⁽¹⁾ (1000 line 1Vpp Amplified Sine signal)	5 μm	5 nm
-M3, -M4, -M7, -M8 with 4000x Interpolation ⁽¹⁾ (1000 line 1Vpp Amplified Sine signal)	5 μm	1.25 nm

1. Quadrature decoding included in interpolated resolution calculations

3.4. Limits, Marker, and Machine Direction

Aerotech stages are configured to have positive and negative "machine" directions. The machine direction defines the phasing of the feedback and motor signals and is dictated by the stage wiring (refer to [Section 3.2.](#)). Programming direction of a stage is set by the controller that is used to move the stage. Programming direction is typically selectable in the controller, while machine direction is hardwired in the stage. [Figure 3-3](#) shows the machine direction of ECO225SL stages.

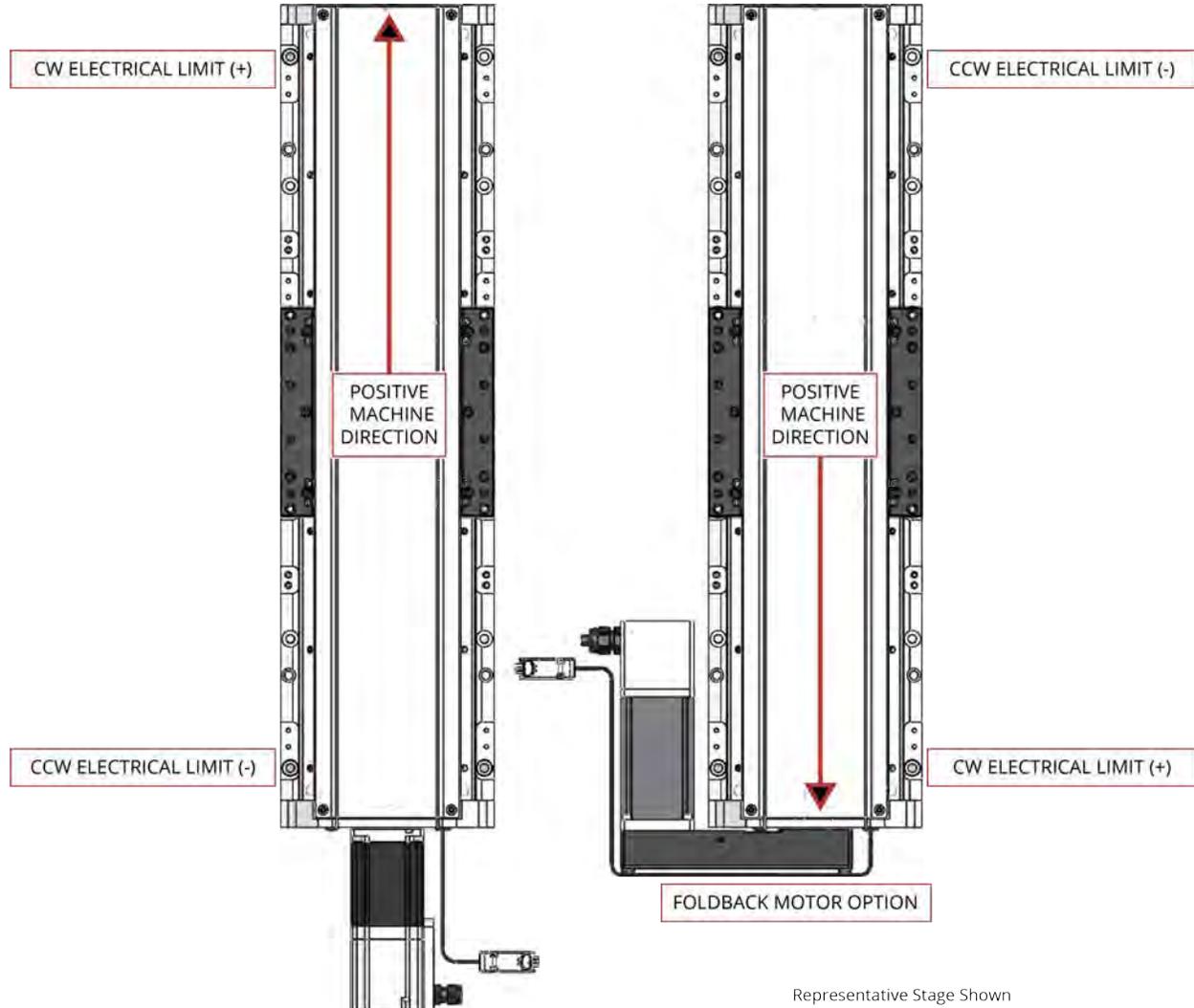


Figure 3-3: Machine Direction

3.5. Motor and Feedback Phasing

Motor phase voltage is measured relative to the virtual wye common point.

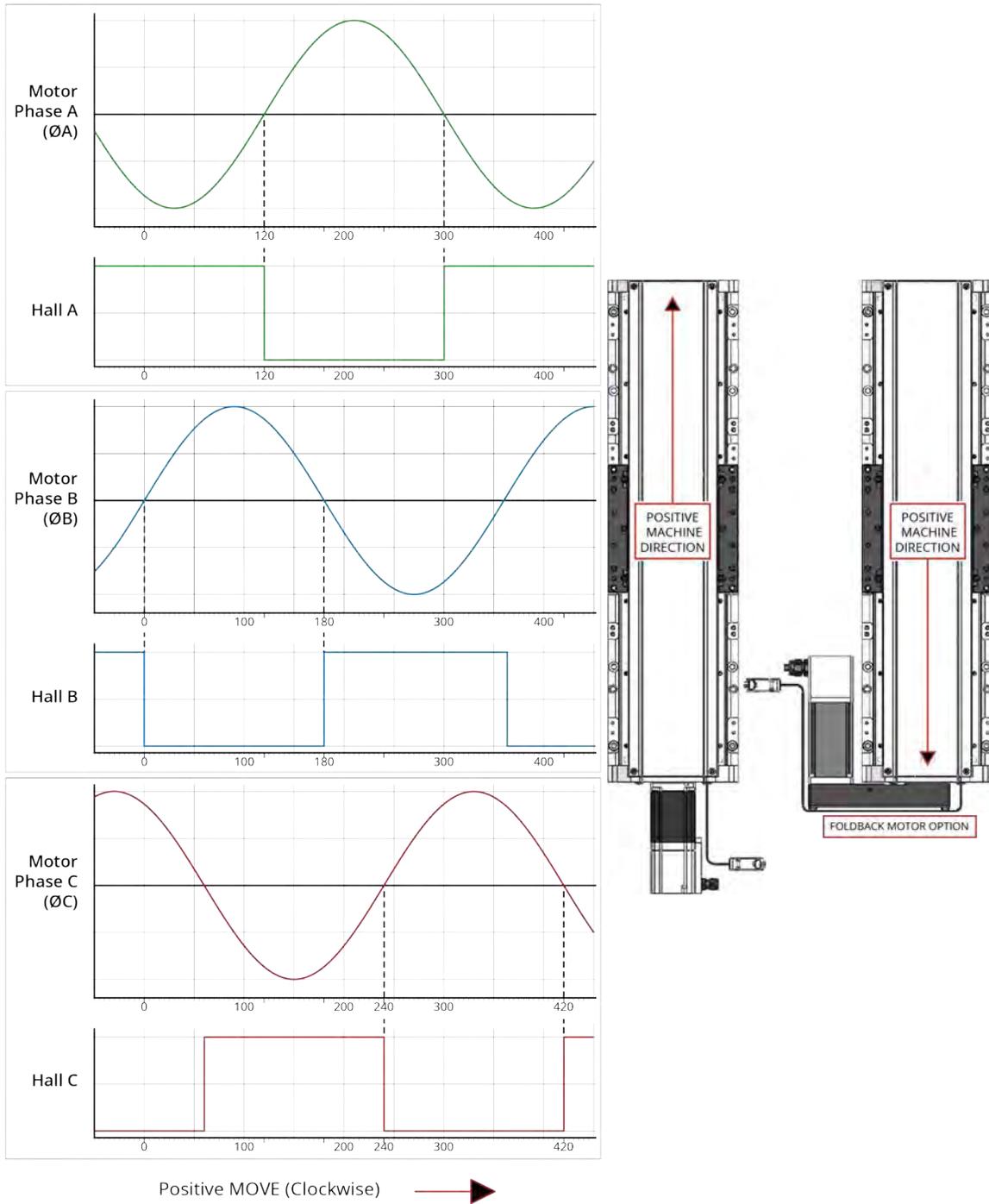


Figure 3-4: Hall Phasing Diagram

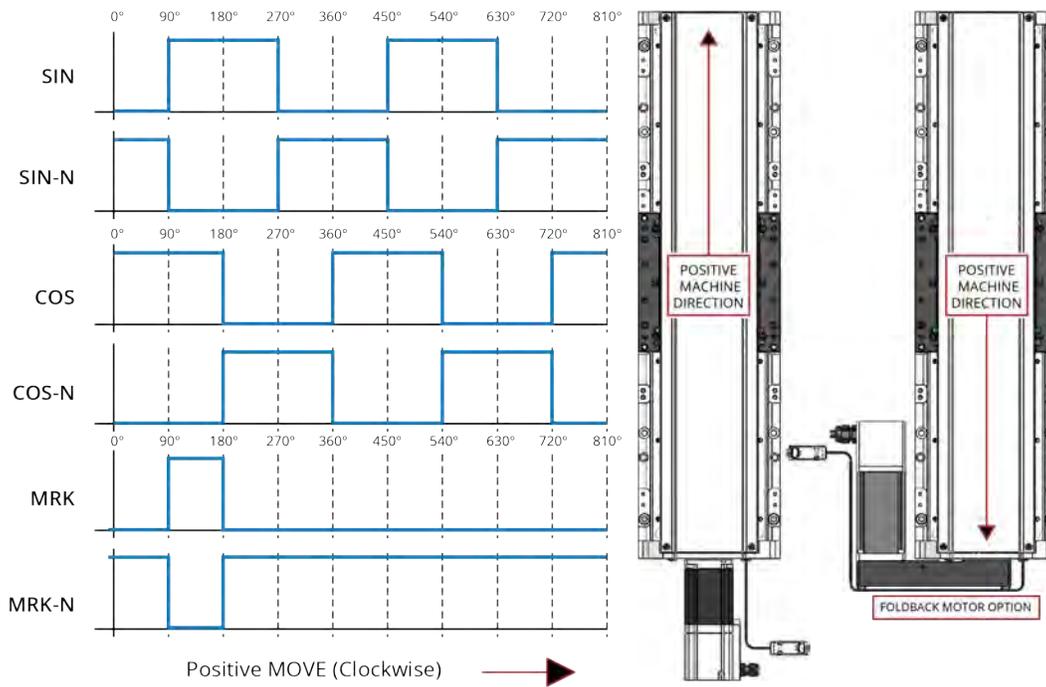


Figure 3-5: Encoder Phasing Reference Diagram (Standard/Square Wave)

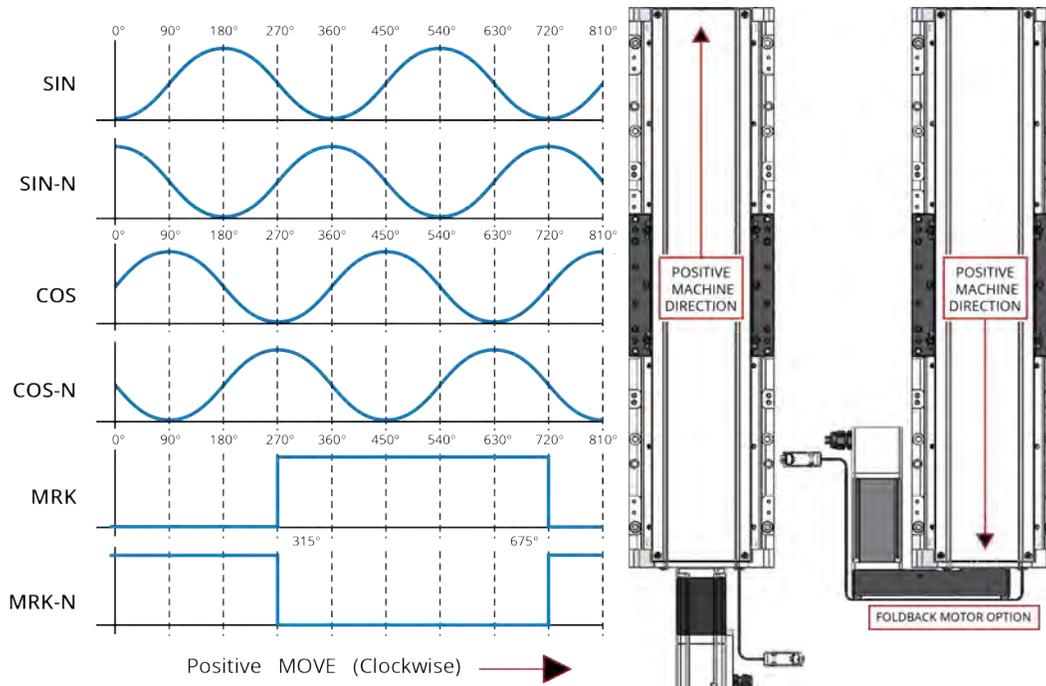


Figure 3-6: Encoder Phasing Reference Diagram (Analog/Sine Wave)

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Chapter 4: Maintenance



DANGER: To decrease the risk of electrical shock, injury, death, and damage to the equipment, obey the precautions that follow.

- Do not connect or disconnect electrical components, wires, and cables while this product is connected to a power source.
- Before you do maintenance to the equipment, disconnect the electrical power.
- Uncouple or otherwise prevent motor-coupled machinery movement when you do service to the equipment.



IMPORTANT: Keep the bearing area free of foreign matter and moisture or the performance and life expectancy of the stage will be reduced.

4.1. Service and Inspection Schedule

Inspect the ECO225SL at least once per month. The need for a longer or shorter inspection interval will depend on the application and conditions, such as the duty cycle, speed, and environment.

Monthly inspections should include but not be limited to:

- Visually inspect the stage and cables.
- Re-tighten loose connectors.
- Replace or repair damaged cables.
- Clean the ECO225SL and any components and cables as needed.
- Repair any damage before operating the ECO225SL.
- Inspect and perform an operational check on all safeguards and protective devices.

4.2. Cleaning and Lubrication



DANGER: Before you do maintenance to the equipment, disconnect the electrical power.

In general, if the stage operates in a clean environment, it should be cleaned and lubricated annually or every 500 km (whichever comes first). For stages that are operated under conditions with excessive debris, the stage should be cleaned every six months. For high-speed applications (those near max speed at a duty cycle of 50%), more frequent maintenance with standard lubricants will be required.

When you clean and/or lubricate components of the ECO225SL series stage:

1. Be sure to use a clean, dry, soft, lint-free cloth for cleaning.
2. Before you use a cleaning solvent on any part of the stage, blow away small particles and dust with clean, dry, compressed air.
3. Take the opportunity during the lubrication procedure to inspect the motion guides or bearings for any damage or signs of wear.
4. In applications that have multiple stages bolted together to form multi-axis systems, the orthogonality may be lost if the stage tables of the support stages are loosened. Precision aligned stages should not be loosened or disassembled.
5. We recommend that you do not disassemble the stage beyond the instructions given in this manual. Proper assembly and calibration can only be done at the factory. Contact Aerotech for more information.

For stages equipped with foldback motors, you should check the belt tension when you clean or lubricate the stage. Refer to [Section 4.4](#).

Cleaning

Use isopropyl alcohol if you must use a solvent to clean the stage. Harsher solvents, such as acetone, could damage the plastic and rubber seals on the ball screw and bearing trucks.



WARNING: Make sure that all solvent has completely evaporated before you move the stage.

Lubrication

You should only use Kluberplex BEM 34-132 as the standard lubricant for ECO225SL stages.

If the application process uses only a small portion of travel for most of the duty cycle, periodically drive the stage through full travel to redistribute the lubrication in the bearings.

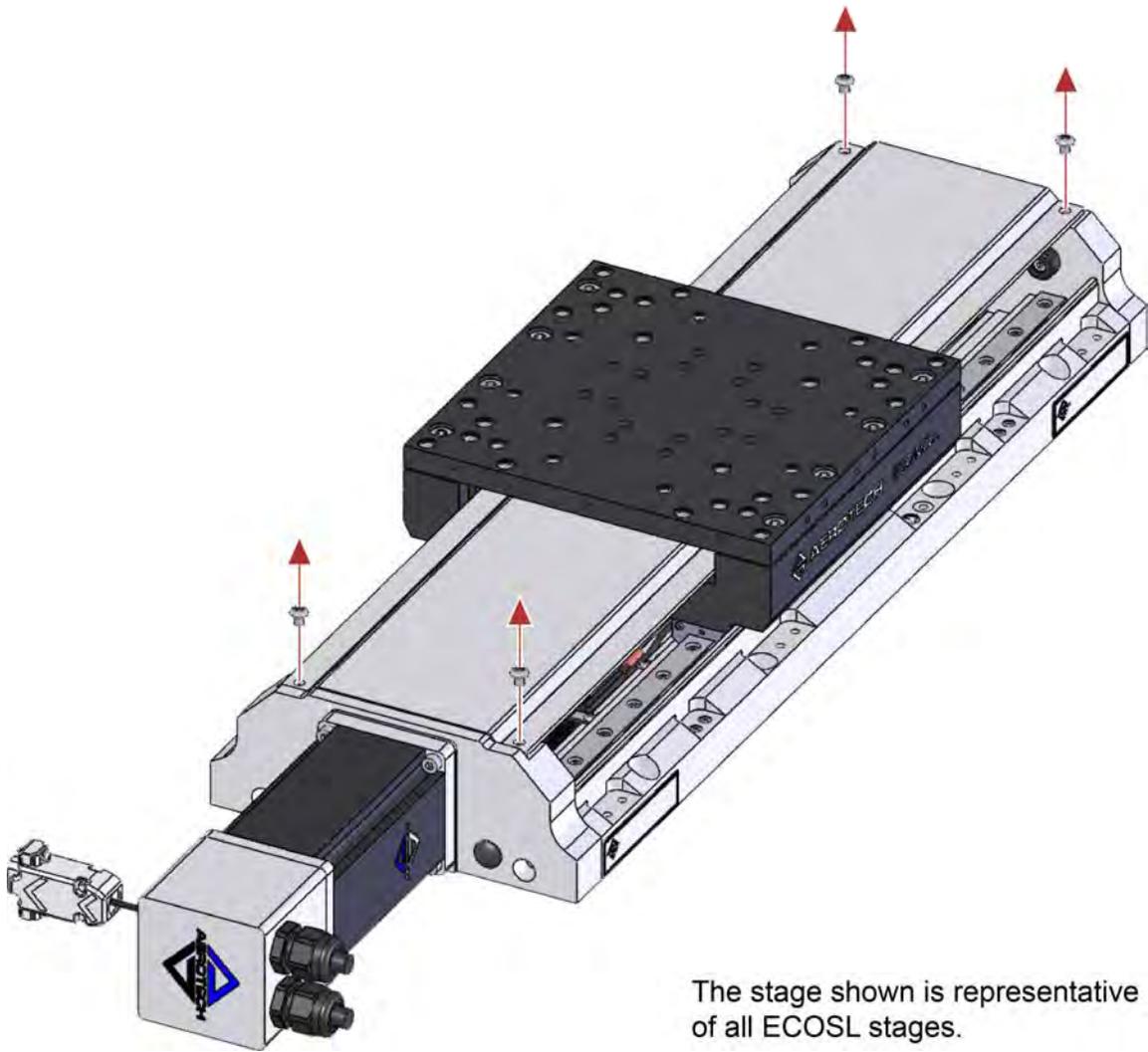


IMPORTANT: During the lubrication procedure, inspect the bearings and ball screw for any damage or signs of wear.



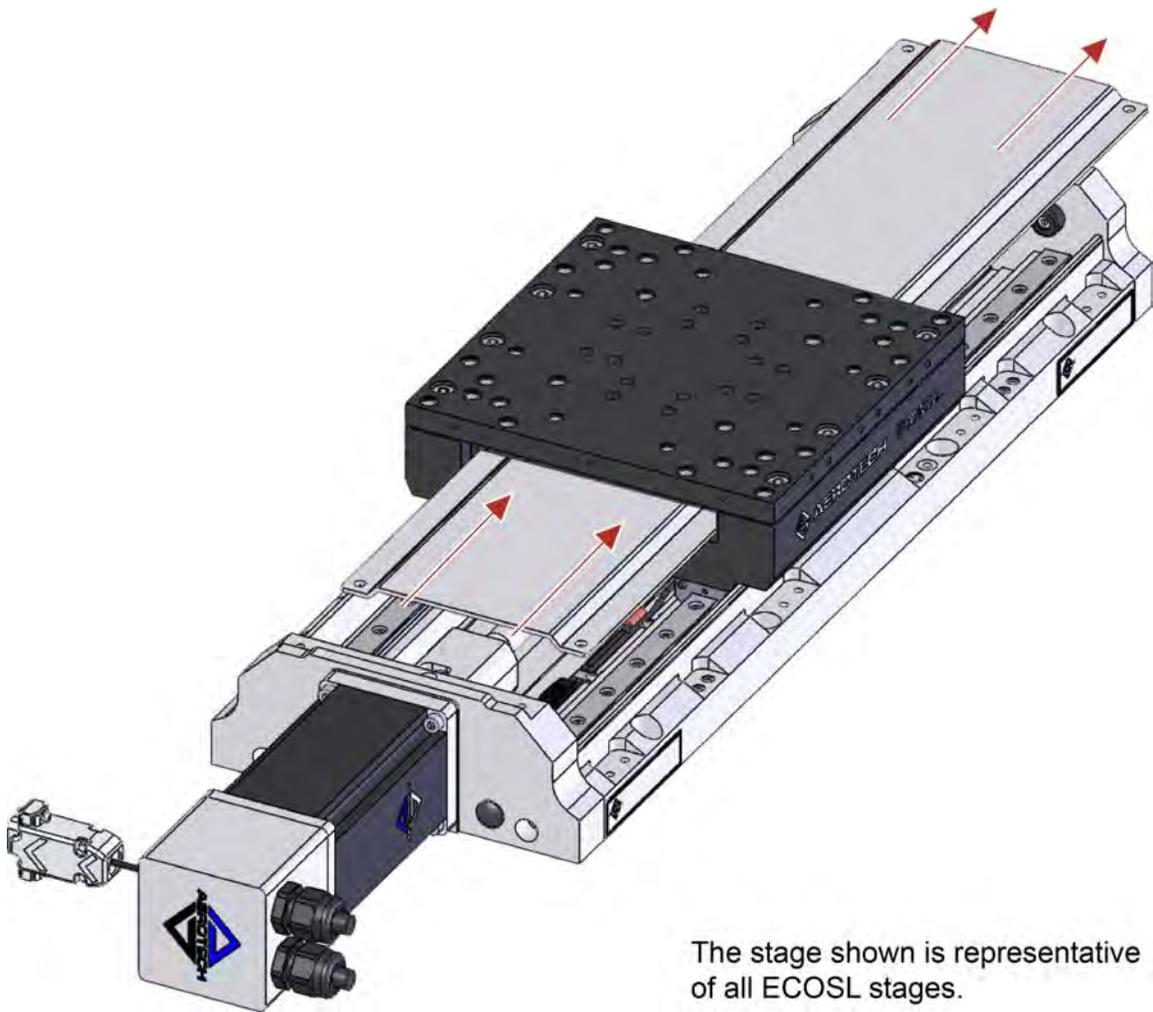
DANGER: Use extreme caution when you operate the stage without the hardcover.

1. Drive the stage table to one end of travel and remove power to the stage.
2. Remove the screws on the edges of the hardcover ([Figure 4-1](#)) and slide it out from under the stage ([Figure 4-2](#)). This can be done without removing the table.
3. Remove any accumulated dust or debris from the inside of the assembly.
4. Remove any dirty or dried lubricant from the ball screw.
 - Use a clean, lint-free cloth with a side-to-side motion.
 - Use a swab soaked in Isopropyl Alcohol to remove stubborn debris.
5. Move the stage to the opposite end of travel. If the stage has an optional brake, the stage cannot be moved by hand.
 - If the stage has a brake: restore power to the stage, drive it to the desired position, then remove power
 - Redo Steps 3 and 4 for any areas covered by the previous table position.
6. Clean the end of the ball-screw nut and wiper with a clean, lint-free cloth or swab.
7. Clean the linear bearing guides with a clean, lint-free cloth or swab.
8. Apply a thin, continuous film of lubricant to the ball-screw threads and linear bearing guides. Aerotech recommends that you use a good quality, natural bristle artist's brush.
9. Move the stage to the opposite end of travel. If the stage has an optional brake, the stage cannot be moved by hand.
 - If the stage has a brake: restore power to the stage, drive it to the desired position, then remove power.
 - Redo Steps 6 through 8 for any areas covered by the previous table position.
10. Refasten the hardcover.
11. Restore power to the stage and drive the stage table back to its original position to redistribute lubricants.



The stage shown is representative of all ECOSL stages.

Figure 4-1: Hardcover Screw Removal



The stage shown is representative of all ECOSL stages.

Figure 4-2: Hardcover Removal

4.3. Motor Mounting



DANGER: To decrease the risk of electrical shock, injury, death, and damage to the equipment, obey the precautions that follow.

- Do not connect or disconnect electrical components, wires, and cables while this product is connected to a power source.
- Before you do maintenance to the equipment, disconnect the electrical power.
- Uncouple or otherwise prevent motor-coupled machinery movement when you do service to the equipment.

Table 4-1: Hardware Requirements

Motor Screw Size	Shaft Coupling Screw Size	Coupling Screw Bit Size	Coupling Screw Torque
M5	M4	3 mm Hex	44 in-lbs



IMPORTANT: Use Loctite 242 or Loctite 248 on the motor and coupling adapter hardware (Figure 4-3). Loctite products are printed with an expiration date. Before use, be sure that the expiration date is legible and the product has not expired.

If your stage is used in a vacuum or cleanroom environment, contact Aerotech.

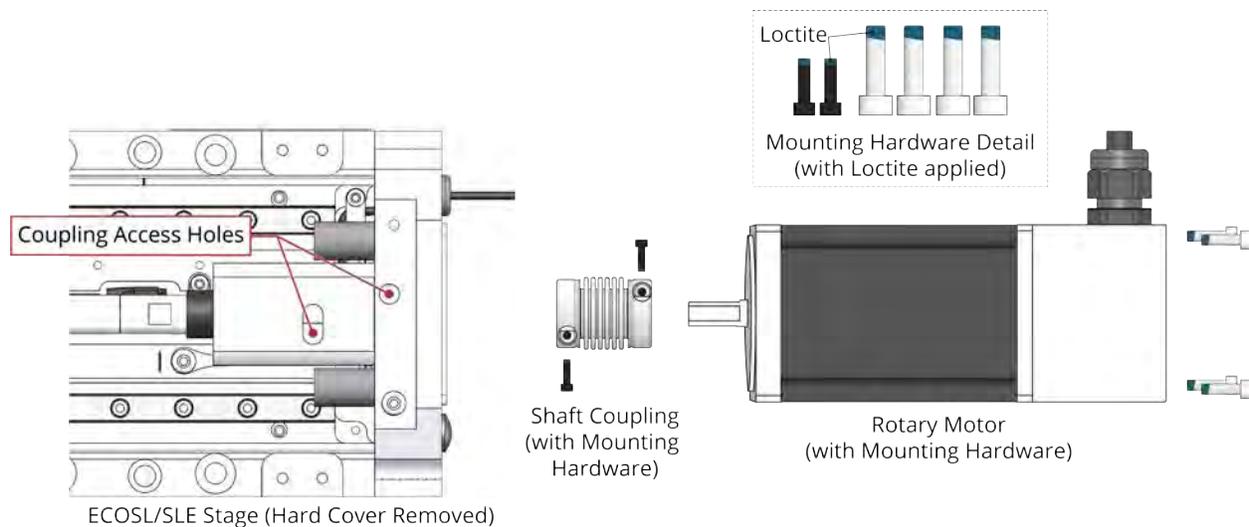


Figure 4-3: Motor Mounting Overview

How to Mount a Motor

1. Remove the hard cover from the stage.
2. Locate the Shaft Coupling access holes (refer to Figure 4-3).
3. Test fit the Motor and Shaft Coupling to the Stage to ensure that you have access to the Shaft Coupling clamp screws.
4. Apply a small quantity of either Loctite 242 or Loctite 248 to motor and coupling hardware.
5. Attach the Shaft Coupling to the Motor shaft (refer to Figure 4-4). Refer to Table 4-1 for the correct hardware and torque requirements.

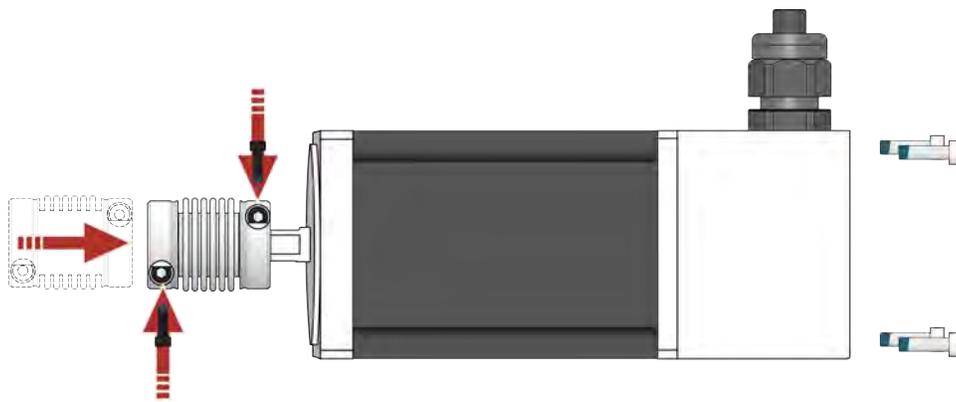


Figure 4-4: Attach the Coupling Adapter to the Motor Shaft

6. Attach the Motor to the Stage in the correct orientation ([Figure 4-5](#)). Use a hex wrench to ensure that the motor flange is fully seated and the hardware is tight. The motor housing prevents the use of a torque wrench.

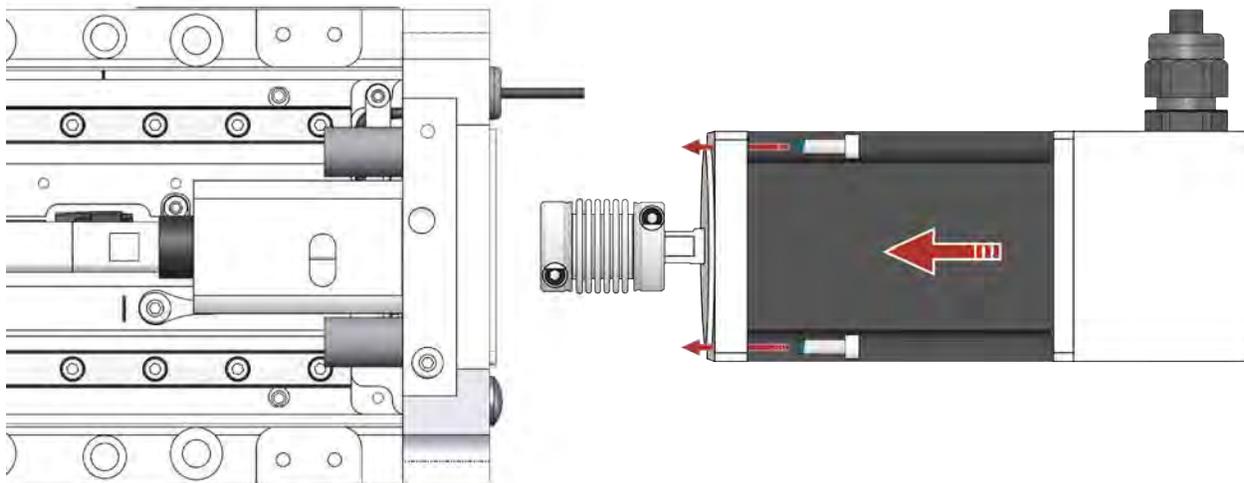


Figure 4-5: Attach the Motor to the Stage

7. Tighten the Shaft Coupling to the drive screw (Figure 4-6). Refer to Table 4-1 for the correct hardware and torque requirements.

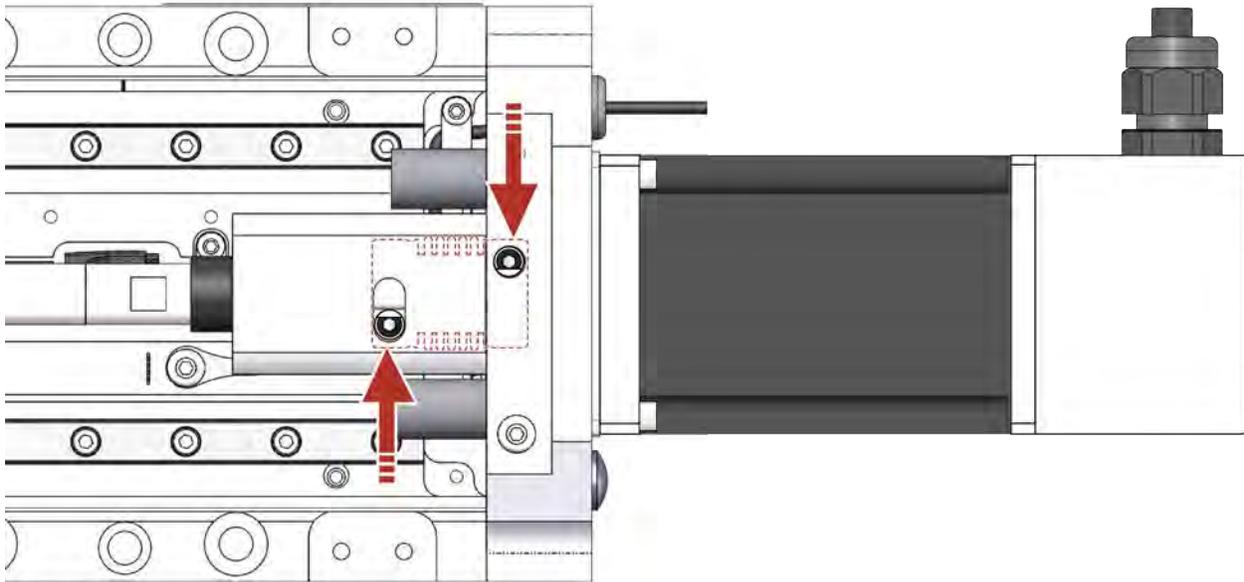


Figure 4-6: Tighten the Shaft Coupling to the Drive Screw

8. Rotate the drive screw by hand to ensure that the drive screw rotates freely.



IMPORTANT: You must reapply Loctite to the mounting hardware if the Motor or Shaft Coupling screws are removed, adjusted, loosened, or replaced.

4.4. Belt Adjustment

This section applies to stages equipped with foldback motor options. On foldback stages, the motor torque is transferred to the ball screw via a timing belt. Belt tension is critical to stage performance and accuracy.

Check the belt tension when you clean or lubricate the stage. Deflection in the belt should be within $\pm 10\%$ of 3.25 mm when applying a 30 N downward force directly between the pulleys. If the deflection exceeds this value, you will need to adjust the belt tension.

You will also need to apply lubricant to the inside flanges of the pulleys if the flanges are dry. The flanges should have a thin film of lubricant to reduce belt wear as the belt contacts the flanges. Use Parker Super O-Lube (silicone-based) for standard polyurethane belts.

Belt Tension Adjustment Procedure

1. Remove power to the stage.
2. Remove the four mounting screws for the foldback cover ([Figure 4-7](#)).
3. Check that the pulleys are tight on their respective shafts ([Figure 4-8](#)).
 - a. Each pulley is held in position with two set screws.
 - b. Ensure that the set screws are tight and centered over the shaft flats.
4. Check the tension in the belt to determine if adjustment is necessary.
5. If adjustment is required, loosen (but do not remove) the mounting screws for the idler pulley mounting bracket.
6. Remove the M4 set screw to gain access to the tapped hole above the idler pulley mounting bracket.
7. Insert an M4 screw or threaded stud long enough to contact the idler pulley mounting bracket.
8. Use the threaded stud to drive the idler pulley mounting bracket downward and increase belt tension.
9. Tighten the mounting screws for the idler pulley mounting bracket.
10. Measure the belt deflection again and repeat the previous steps until the belt tension adjustment is complete.
11. Check the pulley flanges for lubrication.
12. Add small amounts of Parker Super O-Lube lubricant around the circumference of both pulley flanges ([Figure 4-9](#)).
13. Replace the foldback cover and mounting screws.
14. Restore power to the stage and resume normal use.

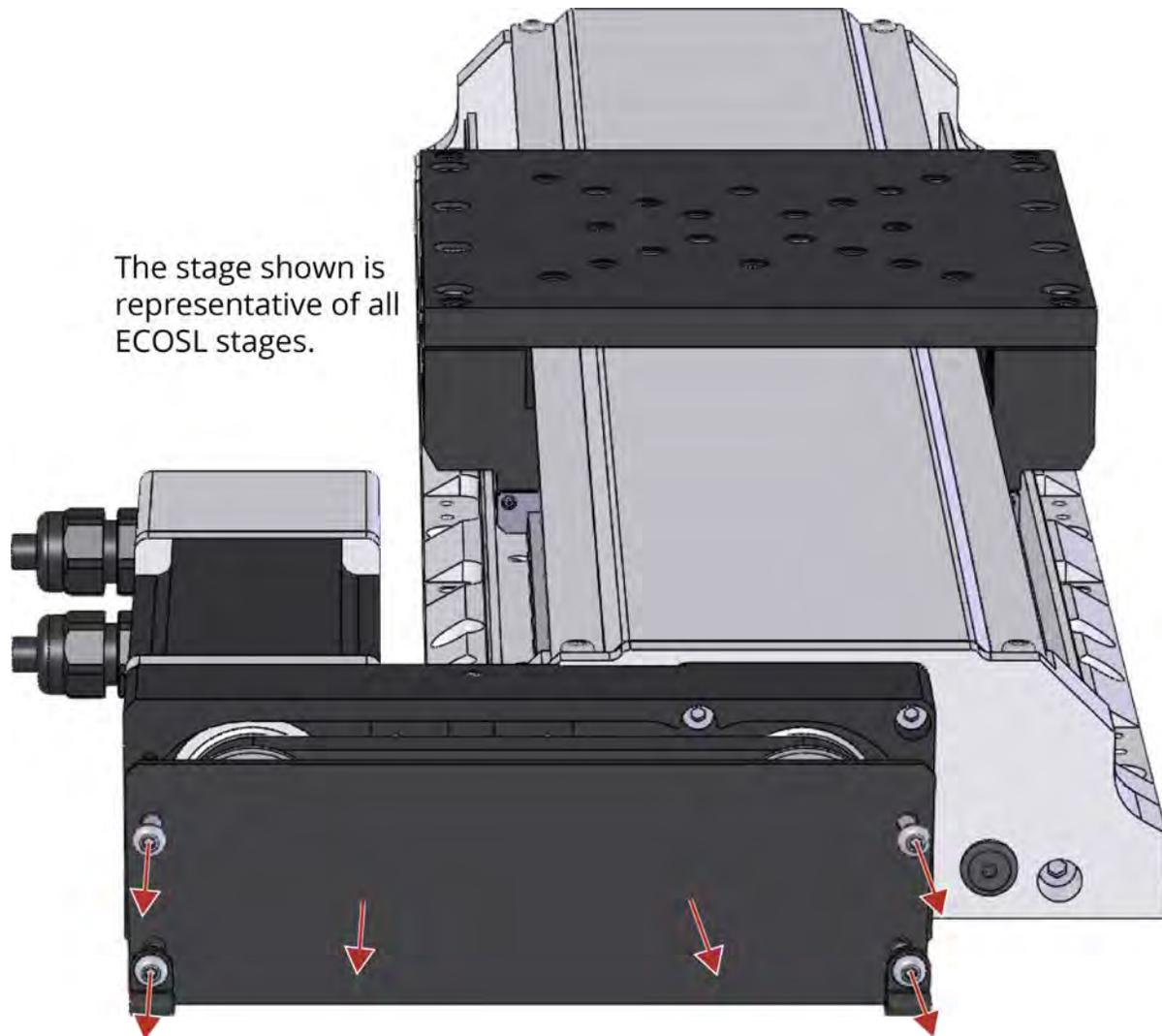


Figure 4-7: Foldback Motor Cover Removal



IMPORTANT: If the stage has been calibrated (-PL2 option), note the orientation of the two pulleys with regard to each other or recalibration might be required.

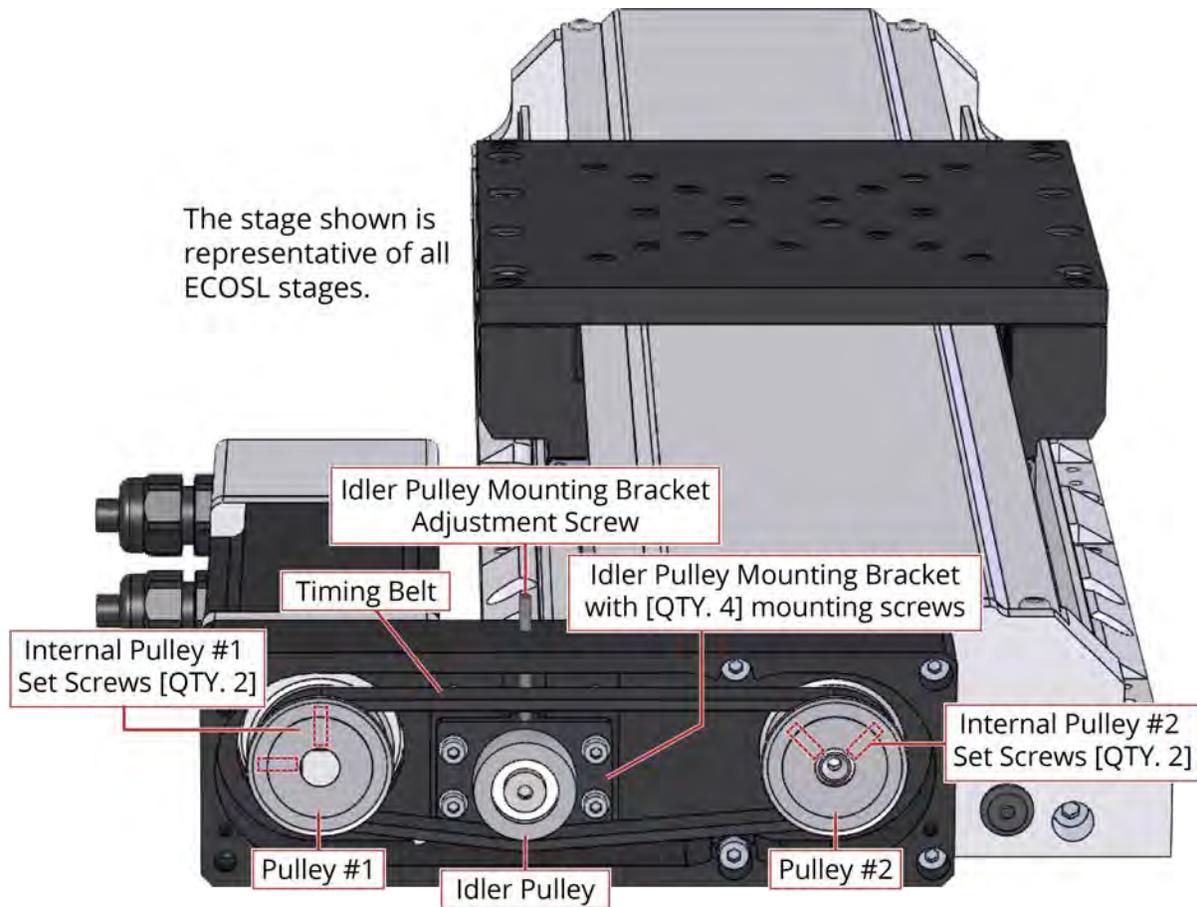


Figure 4-8: Foldback Motor Part Callouts

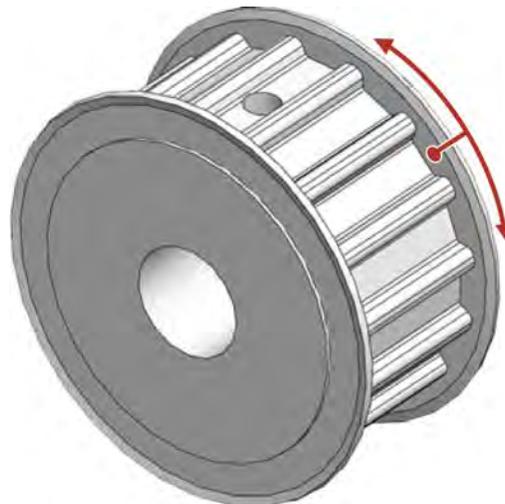


Figure 4-9: Lubricate the Pulley Flanges

4.5. Troubleshooting

Symptom	Possible Cause and Solution
Stage will not move	Brake not released (if equipped with brake; refer to stage documentation). In Limit condition. Check limits (refer to Chapter 3: Electrical Installation) and refer to the Controller documentation for polarity and compatibility requirements (Example: voltage requirements). Controller trap or fault (refer to the Controller documentation).
Stage moves uncontrollably	Encoder (sine and cosine) signal connections (refer to Chapter 3: Electrical Installation and Controller documentation). Motor Connections (refer to Chapter 3: Electrical Installation and the Controller documentation).
Stage oscillates or squeals	Gains misadjusted (refer to the Controller documentation). Encoder signals (refer to the Controller documentation).

Appendix A: Warranty and Field Service

Aerotech, Inc. warrants its products to be free from harmful defects caused by faulty materials or poor workmanship for a minimum period of one year from date of shipment from Aerotech. Aerotech's liability is limited to replacing, repairing or issuing credit, at its option, for any products that are returned by the original purchaser during the warranty period. Aerotech makes no warranty that its products are fit for the use or purpose to which they may be put by the buyer, whether or not such use or purpose has been disclosed to Aerotech in specifications or drawings previously or subsequently provided, or whether or not Aerotech's products are specifically designed and/or manufactured for buyer's use or purpose. Aerotech's liability on any claim for loss or damage arising out of the sale, resale, or use of any of its products shall in no event exceed the selling price of the unit.

THE EXPRESS WARRANTY SET FORTH HEREIN IS IN LIEU OF AND EXCLUDES ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, BY OPERATION OF LAW OR OTHERWISE. IN NO EVENT SHALL AEROTECH BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES.

Return Products Procedure

Claims for shipment damage (evident or concealed) must be filed with the carrier by the buyer. Aerotech must be notified within thirty (30) days of shipment of incorrect material. No product may be returned, whether in warranty or out of warranty, without first obtaining approval from Aerotech. No credit will be given nor repairs made for products returned without such approval. A "Return Materials Authorization (RMA)" number must accompany any returned product(s). The RMA number may be obtained by calling an Aerotech service center or by submitting the appropriate request available on our website (www.aerotech.com). Products must be returned, prepaid, to an Aerotech service center (no C.O.D. or Collect Freight accepted). The status of any product returned later than thirty (30) days after the issuance of a return authorization number will be subject to review.

Visit [Global Technical Support Portal](#) for the location of your nearest Aerotech Service center.

Returned Product Warranty Determination

After Aerotech's examination, warranty or out-of-warranty status will be determined. If upon Aerotech's examination a warranted defect exists, then the product(s) will be repaired at no charge and shipped, prepaid, back to the buyer. If the buyer desires an expedited method of return, the product(s) will be shipped collect. Warranty repairs do not extend the original warranty period.

Fixed Fee Repairs - Products having fixed-fee pricing will require a valid purchase order or credit card particulars before any service work can begin.

All Other Repairs - After Aerotech's evaluation, the buyer shall be notified of the repair cost. At such time the buyer must issue a valid purchase order to cover the cost of the repair and freight, or authorize the product(s) to be shipped back as is, at the buyer's expense. Failure to obtain a purchase order number or approval within thirty (30) days of notification will result in the product(s) being returned as is, at the buyer's expense.

Repair work is warranted for ninety (90) days from date of shipment. Replacement components are warranted for one year from date of shipment.

Rush Service

At times, the buyer may desire to expedite a repair. Regardless of warranty or out-of-warranty status, the buyer must issue a valid purchase order to cover the added rush service cost. Rush service is subject to Aerotech's approval.

On-site Warranty Repair

If an Aerotech product cannot be made functional by telephone assistance or by sending and having the customer install replacement parts, and cannot be returned to the Aerotech service center for repair, and if Aerotech determines the problem could be warranty-related, then the following policy applies:

Aerotech will provide an on-site Field Service Representative in a reasonable amount of time, provided that the customer issues a valid purchase order to Aerotech covering all transportation and subsistence costs. For warranty field repairs, the customer will not be charged for the cost of labor and material. If service is rendered at times other than normal work periods, then special rates apply.

If during the on-site repair it is determined the problem is not warranty related, then the terms and conditions stated in the following "On-Site Non-Warranty Repair" section apply.

On-site Non-Warranty Repair

If any Aerotech product cannot be made functional by telephone assistance or purchased replacement parts, and cannot be returned to the Aerotech service center for repair, then the following field service policy applies:

Aerotech will provide an on-site Field Service Representative in a reasonable amount of time, provided that the customer issues a valid purchase order to Aerotech covering all transportation and subsistence costs and the prevailing labor cost, including travel time, necessary to complete the repair.

Service Locations

<http://www.aerotech.com/contact-sales.aspx?mapState=showMap>

USA, CANADA, MEXICO

Aerotech, Inc.
Global Headquarters

CHINA

Aerotech China
Full-Service Subsidiary

GERMANY

Aerotech Germany
Full-Service Subsidiary

TAIWAN

Aerotech Taiwan
Full-Service Subsidiary

UNITED KINGDOM

Aerotech United Kingdom
Full-Service Subsidiary

Appendix B: Revision History

Revision	Description
2.00	New Section: Section 4.3. Motor Mounting
1.02	Dimensions updated: Section 2.2.
1.01	Product updates
1.00	New Manual

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